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TIME-TABLE.

WEEK DAYS

		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	NOON	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon	Dep.	6.40	8.15	10.30	12.00	1.15	4.35	5.30	7.10
Yamat	Dep.	6.50	8.24	10.39	12.09	1.24	4.44	5.39	7.19
Shatin	Dep.	7.02	8.36	10.51	12.21	1.36	4.56	5.51	7.31
Taipei	Dep.	7.16	8.49	11.04	12.34	1.49	5.09	6.04	7.44
Taipei Market	Dep.	7.21	8.53	11.08	12.38	1.53	5.13	6.08	7.48
Fanning	Dep.	7.32	9.03	11.18	12.48	2.03	5.24	6.19	7.58
Shungshui	Dep.	7.36	9.07	11.22	12.52	2.07	5.28	6.23	8.03
Shumchun	Dep.	7.42	9.13	11.28	12.58	2.13	5.34	6.29	8.08

		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	NOON	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Shumchun	Dep.	7.21	8.05	10.20	11.40	3.07	4.24	5.13	6.43
Shungshui	Dep.	7.25	8.12	10.25	11.45	3.11	4.28	5.17	6.47
Fanning	Dep.	7.32	8.16	10.29	11.51	3.11	4.28	5.17	6.47
Taipei Market	Dep.	7.42	8.26	10.39	12.02	3.21	4.38	5.27	6.57
Taipei	Dep.	7.46	8.30	10.44	12.07	3.25	4.42	5.31	7.01
Shatin	Dep.	7.59	8.43	11.17	12.21	3.38	4.56	5.51	7.21
Yamat	Dep.	8.12	8.55	11.29	12.33	3.50	5.08	6.03	7.33
Kowloon	Dep.	8.20	9.03	11.37	12.41	3.58	5.16	6.11	7.41

SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	NOON	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon	Dep.	6.40	8.15	10.30	12.00	1.15	4.35	5.30	7.10
Yamat	Dep.	6.50	8.24	10.39	12.09	1.24	4.44	5.39	7.19
Shatin	Dep.	7.02	8.36	10.51	12.21	1.36	4.56	5.51	7.31
Taipei	Dep.	7.16	8.49	11.04	12.34	1.49	5.09	6.04	7.44
Taipei Market	Dep.	7.21	8.53	11.08	12.38	1.53	5.13	6.08	7.48
Fanning	Dep.	7.32	9.03	11.18	12.48	2.03	5.24	6.19	7.58
Shungshui	Dep.	7.36	9.07	11.22	12.52	2.07	5.28	6.23	8.03
Shumchun	Dep.	7.42	9.13	11.28	12.58	2.13	5.34	6.29	8.08

		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	NOON	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Shumchun	Dep.	8.12	10.38	11.40	3.00	4.17	5.20	5.40	6.09
Shungshui	Dep.	8.16	10.42	11.47	3.07	4.24	5.27	5.46	6.16
Fanning	Dep.	8.23	10.49	11.51	3.11	4.28	5.31	5.51	6.20
Taipei Market	Dep.	8.33	10.59	12.02	3.21	4.38	5.41	6.01	6.30
Taipei	Dep.	8.37	11.03	12.07	3.25	4.42	5.45	6.05	6.34
Shatin	Dep.	8.51	11.17	12.21	3.38	4.56	5.59	6.19	6.48
Yamat	Dep.	9.03	11.29	12.33	3.50	5.07	6.10	6.30	6.59
Kowloon	Dep.	9.11	11.37	12.41	3.58	5.15	6.18	6.38	7.07

		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	NOON	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Shatin	Dep.	7.45	11.30	2.30	6.25	7.25	11.10	2.05	5.00
Shumchun	Dep.	8.40	12.25	3.15	7.20	8.20	11.10	2.00	5.55

		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	NOON	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Shatin	Dep.	7.45	11.30	2.30	6.25	7.25	11.10	2.05	5.00
Shumchun	Dep.	8.40	12.25	3.15	7.20	8.20	11.10	2.00	5.55

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" CHUN WAI to	to CHUN WAI	"
" CHAI WAN KOK to	to CHAI WAN KOK	"
" SUN CHANG to	to SUN CHANG	"
" SUN CHANG to	to SUN CHANG	"
" CHUNG LUNG TOW to	to CHUNG LUNG TOW	"
" TAI LAM CHUNG to	to TAI LAM CHUNG	"
" SOO KOW MUK to	to SOO KOW MUK	"
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[485]

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AIRDRIE TOP OF THE LEAGUE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

EDINBURGH, October 22nd.

There were no changes among the Rugby Championship leaders, though Stewart's College F.P. suffered their first defeat of the season at the hands of Glasgow High School F.P. Four clubs are still undefeated—Glasgow Academicals, Heriot's F.P., Watsonians, and Royal High School F.P. The first three of these won their games wonderfully comfortably, but the last-named could only secure a draw with Selkirk. In Edinburgh, the so far all-conquering Glasgow Academicals gave quite a good display against Edinburgh Institution F.P. and won without being fully extended, this result was fully expected. The game between Edinburgh Academicals and Edinburgh University was for the most part confined to the forwards, the slippery condition of the ball placing back play at a discount. It was thought that Edinburgh Wanderers would be able to give the Watsonians a good game, but the Big School had it all their own way. Territorially the Wanderers, thanks almost entirely to their robust forward play, had more of the game than the scoring would indicate. Selkirk, although they only succeeded in dividing the honours with Royal High School F.P., were the better balanced side. They led by three points with only a few minutes to go, but in a rousing finish, in which the School forwards went all out, they had victory snatched from them.

In the West, the weather was unfavourable and the ball slippery. The game where Stewart's College F.P. were the guests of Glasgow High School F.P. was only one instance; the players found great difficulty in maintaining a footing. The home side won, but all through it was a dull affair, mostly confined to the forwards. The meeting of West of Scotland and Hillhead High School F.P. at Hughenden was productive of a keen struggle, which resulted in a win for the visitors. Another keen game was that at Greenock between the local Wanderers and Kelvin-side Academicals, the home side winning. The great event in the Border district was the visit of Heriot's School F.P. Reinforced by two of their South African contingent they never looked like losing the game, and their victory would have been more pronounced had some of their players not so frequently infringed the rules of offside.

Gala, 3; Heriot's (F.P.), 17.
Edinburgh Wand., 3; Watsonians, 29.
Edinburgh Institution, 0; Glasgow Academicals, 20.
Edinburgh Acad., 5; Edinburgh University, 6.
R. H. S. (F.P.), 9; Selkirk, 8.
Glasgow H.S. (F.P.), 9; Stewart's Col. (F.P.), 0.
Hawick, 9; Jedforest, 0.
Melrose, 9; Langholm, 3.
Hillhead H.S. (F.P.), 0; West of Scotland, 3.
Greenock Wanderers, 5; Kelvin-side Acad., 0.

THE LEAGUE.

The feature of the programme of matches in the Senior Division of the Scottish League was the number of games in which clubs in the same district were in opposition to each other. The most important meeting of local clubs was at Edinburgh. Form pointed to a victory of the Hibernians, but some early failures seemed to depress them, and the Hearts then came in and scored a well-deserved victory. The local Derby in the North-eastern district was between Aberdeen, who were at home, and Dundee. As generally expected, Aberdeen excelled in attack, and continuous pressure on the Dundee goal during the first half presaged the ultimate success of the home side. Dundee, however, reversed the positions after the interval, and the closing 15 minutes provided an exciting struggle for the mastery. Defences prevailed, and neither side scored. The first encounter of the Fifeshire clubs, Raith Rovers and Cowdenbeath, in the Senior Division, favoured the latter club in the earlier stages, but they tapered off, and Raith won well. A mistake in tactics lost Ayr the game to their county opponents of Kilmarnock. Airdrieonians won at Greenock, and went into top position, a point ahead of Rangers and Celtic. At Perth, Celtic got a point out of their match with St. Johnstone, neither side scoring in a game in which the famous Glasgow club enjoyed a measure of good fortune. Rangers beat Falkirk by 3 goals to 1—a margin that flattered the winners, as, excepting in the matter of scoring, Falkirk were not inferior.

Heart of Midlothian, 2; Hibernians, 0.
Aberdeen, 0; Dundee, 0.
Ayr United 0; Kilmarnock, 1.
Morton, 0; Airdrieonians, 1.
Motherwell, 2; Hamilton Academicals, 2.
Queen's Park, 1; Third Lanark, 1.
Raith Rovers, 3; Cowdenbeath, 1.
Rangers, 3; Falkirk, 1.
St. Johnstone, 0; Celtic, 0.
St. Mirren, 3; Partick Thistle, 1.

OBVIOUSLY SOMETHING WRONG.

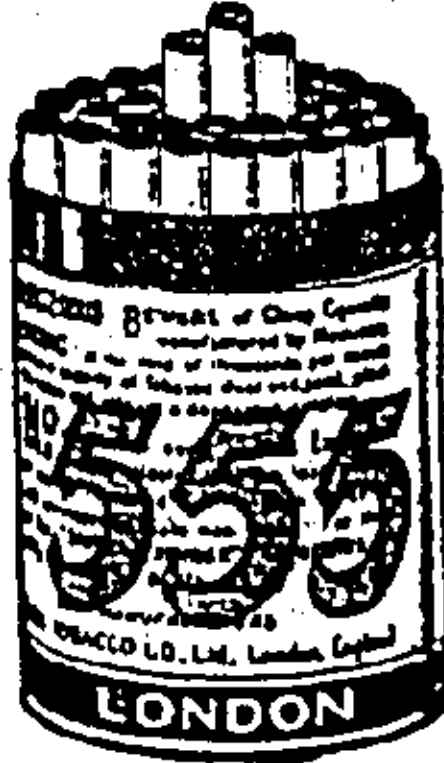
The Australian Meat Council in London inaugurated the opening of the meat trade season by a luncheon on October 9th, at the Savoy Hotel, at which Mr. J. H. Thomas, the late Colonial Secretary, was the principal guest. In the course of his speech, Mr. Thomas referred to meat price anomalies, and he went on to say that, to be quite frank, he was not happy about one thing. He had made some inquiries about their trade. He was told that the actual producer got about 2d. a lb. for his meat, and that it was sold in England to the wholesale people for about 3d. or 4d. a lb. His wife had to pay about 1s. 4d. a lb. (A voice: "Shame!") There must be something wrong there. (Hear, hear.)



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The Knight motor is steam principle. The valves are two cylindrical sleeves with rectangular slots or ports which when they register with each other and the ports in the block allow the ingress and egress of the gases without obstruction. These wide open passages, particularly on the exhaust side, permit a more thorough cleaning of the burnt gases from the combustion chamber than any other type of motor, so that every ounce of energy available is utilized from the explosive mixture, which gives us such tremendous power.

2.—It has no valve to grind and no carbon to clean.

The combustion chamber is completely surrounded by water and an alloy piston noted for its great heat radiating qualities is used so neither the combustion chamber nor the head of the piston gets hot enough to bake the residue from the exposed gases to form carbon while there is still enough heat maintained to handle the explosive mixture effectively.

3.—It is the only type of motor that improves with use.

While carbon can not form in the combustion chamber, still a certain amount of the residue from the burnt gases works up behind the wide sealing ring in the cylinder head and as this building in process obtains, it keeps pushing this sealing ring more tightly against the inner sleeve until it completely seals the compression chamber developing more power with every mile the motor is drawn.

4.—It is the only type of motor that wears in while other wears out.

All parts in the Willys-Knight car are assembled with wide clearance between each other and oil is forced into these clearances under heavy pressure so that the entire assembly is lapping or wearing in on these heavy films of oil instead of wearing out. In other words, every bearing in this motor is an oil bearing instead of a metal to metal bearing which is necessary in the construction of a poppet valve motor in order to keep it quiet with subsequent quick wear and noise.

It has eliminated one hundred and sixty two quick wearing parts necessary in the operation of a cylindered poppet valve motor. There are no hammering parts such as cams striking against push rods, push rods against valve stems, or valve heads snapping back into their seats through the medium of heavy springs, etc.

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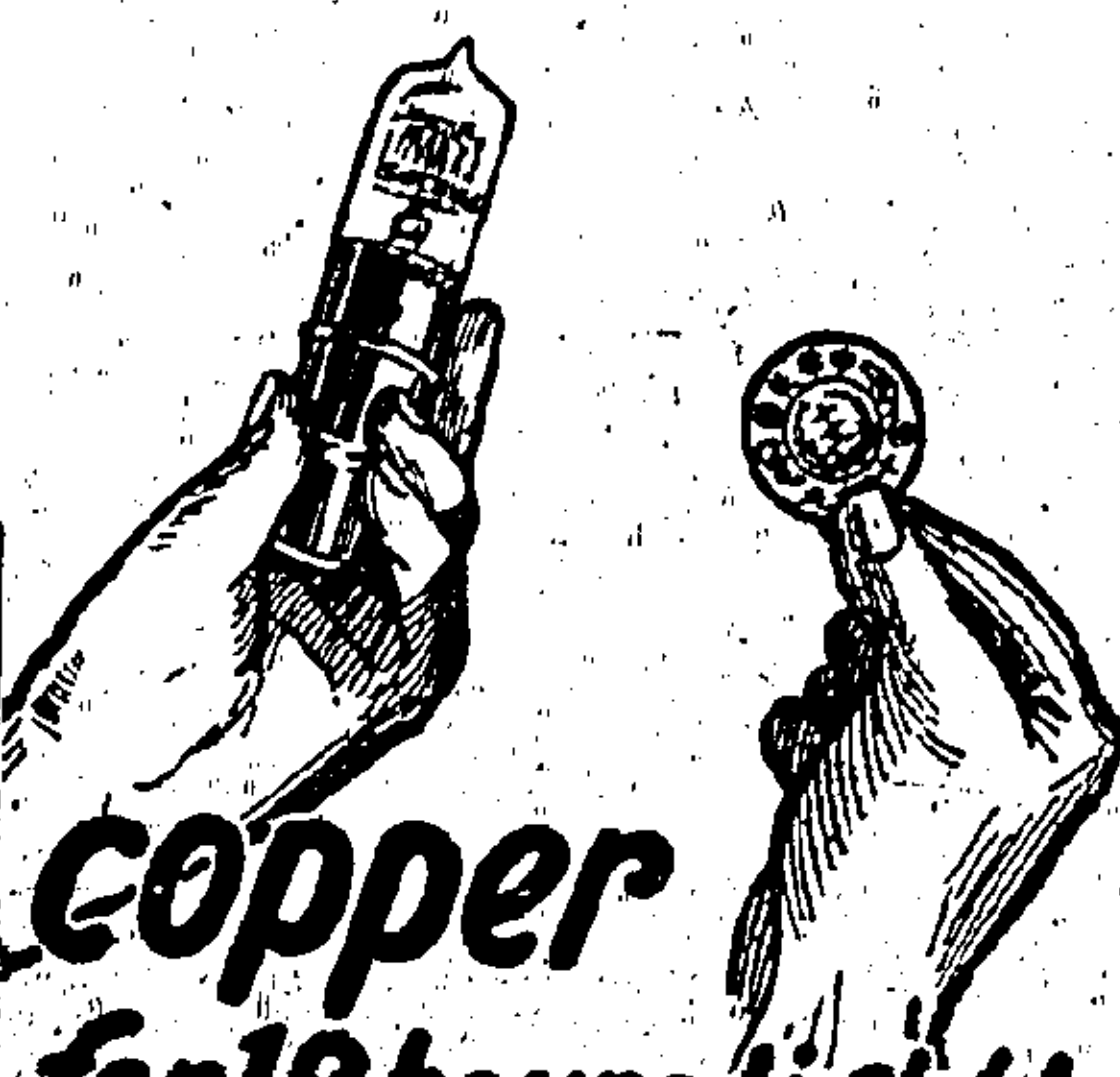
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HONGKONG SHARE MARKET.

Messrs. Benjamin and Potts, in their weekly share report, dated Friday, Nov. 21st, say:—

The approaching Settlement combined with the holidays in connection with the Interport Cricket have influenced the local market, which has ruled quiet during the week, but towards the close a little more activity is noticeable, resulting in the transaction of a fair volume of business at prices slightly lower than last week's level.

Banks.—Hongkong and Shanghai Banks are firmer and have been booked at \$1.175. The London price has risen to £138.10.0 (middle).

Marine and Fire Insurances.—Unions continue their upward movement and are wanted at \$22. Hongkong Fires have spurted to \$370. Canton Fires have eased off to \$725. China Fires are enquired for at \$180, and Underwriters at \$140, while Yangtzes could be placed at \$32.

Shipping.—"Star" Ferries have been comparatively quiet after the display of strength last week, and close with sellers at \$115. Douglas Steamships are on offer at \$30. Deferred Indo-Chinas at \$111 remain neglected. Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboats have declined to \$35. Tugs and Lighters at \$24 have lapsed to a nominal quotation. Waterboats are enquired for at \$17.

Refineries.—There has been practically no business done in China Sugars, which have remained at a level of \$25. Malabons are quoted at \$41 nominal.

Oils and Mining.—Langkats (combined) are a shade easier and have been negotiated in the North at Tls. 15. A further rise has occurred in the price of Tin and London advises that after touching \$290.11.3, it closed buyers at \$259.10.0. "Shell" Transports are in demand at \$4/6. Other stocks in this section have been more or less neglected.

Electric Companies.—Hongkong Electric have been dealt in at \$43 and continue in request. Hongkong Trams after having receded to \$43 have come into strong demand and buyers are offering \$45 at the close. China Lights (combined) have fallen away to \$23.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Hongkong and Whampoa Docks have been ruling weak and sales have been made down to \$153. Hongkong and Kowloon Wharves have also eased and business has been done at \$206. Shanghai Docks have fetched Tls. 97, and close slightly firmer. Hongkong Wharves have strengthened and could be placed at Tls. 125. New Engineering are asked for at Tls. 6.60.

Lands, Hotels and Buildings.—Hongkong Lands have further weakened, the market falling to \$105. "Old" Hotels have changed hands to a fair extent at \$19, and the new at \$18. Humphreys Estates are on offer at \$23, and Territorial at \$4.40, cum the call of \$3 made on the 15th instant. There are enquiries for Realities at \$2.25 and Prince's Buildings at \$150. According to latest advices received, Shanghai Lands are standing at Tls. 120. It is proposed to increase the capital of the Company by issuing 30,000 new shares in the proportion of 1 new to every 2 old, at Tls. 50.

Cotton Mills.—Two Mills are wanted at Tls. 112 after sales at Tls. 111. Orientals have come to business at Tls. 4.10. Shanghai Cottons have been booked at Tls. 60 for March.

Miscellaneous.—Green Island Cements (combined) have been in good demand and have changed hands in large quantities at \$24. China Providents (new) have been placed at \$6.20, and the old shares at \$17. Dairy Farms after being sold at \$24/25 are offering at the latter rate. There are buyers of Lane, Crawfords at \$19. Constructions at \$74, Mackintoshes at \$93, and Peak Trams (new) at \$113, while the old shares have lapsed to a nominal quotation of \$23.

Exchange.—The T.T. selling rate on London to-day is 2/4 and on Shanghai 72.

Forward Settlement Days.—November 25th (Tuesday); December 23rd (Tuesday); January 20th (Tuesday).

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

November 21st, 1924.	
Hongkong and Shanghai	Beats
Canton Insurance	\$117 b. \$1175 ss.
Union Insurance	\$72 b.
Hongkong Fire Insurance	\$22 nom.
Douglas Steamships	\$30 a.
E.L.M. & M. Steamboats	\$30 a.
"Star" Ferries	\$115 s.
China Sugars	\$95 nom.
Langkats (Combined)	Tls. 19 nom.
Kowloon Wharves	\$457 nom.
Whampoa Docks	\$153 b.
Shanghai Docks	Tls. 97 b.
Hongkong Wharves	Tls. 125 b.
New Engineering	Tls. 6.60 b.
Hongkong Lands	\$105 ss.
Hongkong Hotels (old)	\$191 nom. (new) \$182 ss.
Humphreys Estates	\$23 s.
Two Cotton Mills	Tls. 112 b. Tls. 11.40 ss.
Shanghai Cottons	Tls. 60 nom.
Orientals	Tls. 4 b.
Cement	\$24 ss. & s.
Hongkong Ropes (combined)	\$40 nom.
China Providents	(combined) \$24 nom.
Dairy Farms	\$24 ss.
Waterboats	\$17 b.
Watsons	(old) \$22, (new) \$13 nom.
Hongkong Electric	\$43 ss.
China Lights (combined)	\$45 a.
Hongkong Trams	\$44 b. \$45 ss.
Peak Trams (new)	(old) \$23 nom. (new) \$113 ss.
"Shell" Transports	\$24 b.
b—buyers; s—sellers; ss—sales.	

NEW CUSTOMS DUTY IN JAVA.

In connection with the new customs duty on cigar and cigarette lighters and their flints, the Dutch Indies Government have issued an explanation, saying that the imports of matches have fallen off a great deal. The imports of this commodity for the first eight months of 1924, 1,559,000 gross boxes, compared with 2,589,300 gross boxes in 1923 and 3,154,900 boxes in 1922, whereas the average monthly imports of the lighted ware about eight hundred thousand. The duty on matches, which was estimated to fetch in about 11 million guilders, is now four millions less. Therefore, the financial experts of the Government proposed this new duty, i.e.,

(Continued at foot of next column.)



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I'm always happy, sir, and when you're happy yourself you promote the happiness of others.

I'm happy because I bring happiness—in the form of Kensitas—into the lives of all smokers of discrimination and taste, like yourself, sir.

You know—as I always say—"There's only one thing as good as a Kensitas, and that is another Kensitas."

J. Kenyon

Kensitas

the preferred cigarette

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When tyres are under inflated there is continual internal friction between the foundation cord and the rubber, causing overheating of the tyre and consequent rapid deterioration.

Water can also enter causing rust, resulting eventually in the rims having sharp edges which cut the walls of the tyre near the bead.

Most cars in Hongkong run on under inflated tyres with the above disastrous results.

Have your wheels examined front and rear for trueness and tracking alignment. If they are at fault in this respect the tread of the cover is subject to a grinding action which quickly destroys the cover.

Keep tyres free from oil and grease.

Start and stop gently, and take corners slowly.

Lastly buy **MICHELIN** tyres from us and follow the above advice and tyre satisfaction is assured.

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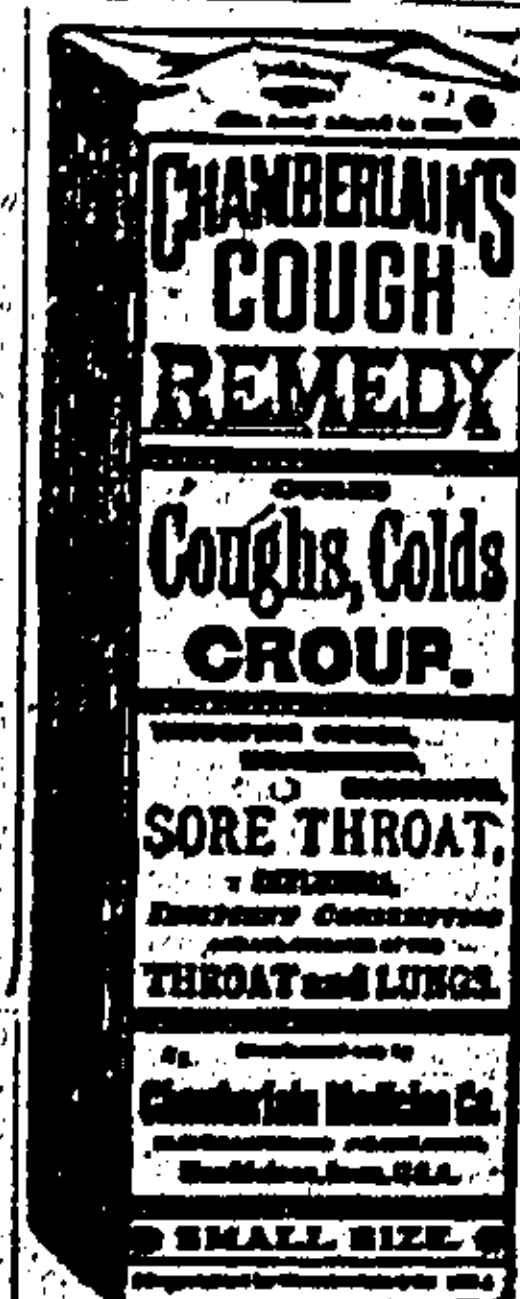
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SINGAPORE TRAMWAYS.

LAST-MINUTE OFFER FROM HONGKONG.

SCHEME FINALLY APPROVED BY COMMISSIONERS.

A last-minute offer from the Hongkong shareholders in the old Singapore Tramways Company came before the Municipal Commissioners yesterday, says the *Straits Times* of November 14th, when a special meeting was held to approve the Tramways Bill, embodying the results of the negotiations between the Commissioners and the Shanghai Electric Tramways Company. After a statement by the Commissioners' legal adviser to the effect that the Hongkong shareholders had no legal standing, a receiver having been appointed for the debenture-holders in the old company, the Bill was approved, and will now be sent to the Legislative Council.

At the outset the President (Mr. R. J. FARRER) said that the object of the meeting was to discuss the Bill which had been prepared by the lawyers acting for Sir William Plender, the receiver of the debenture-holders in the old Singapore Tramways Co., and which effectuated the negotiations which had been going on between Mr. McColl, of the Shanghai Tramway Company, the Commissioners, and Sir William Plender for something like two years. It might be that the intervention at the fifty-ninth minute of the eleventh hour of certain persons from Hongkong, represented by Messrs. Rodyk and Davidson, from whom two letters, the second modifying the first, had been received, might make the Commissioners doubtful whether it would not be desirable to postpone matters, in order to negotiate with this other body of persons. In order that they might make up their minds, Mr. Robinson, their legal adviser, would make a statement as to what the status of these gentlemen represented by Messrs. Rodyk and Davidson actually was.

Mr. A. P. Robinson, of Messrs. Drew and Napier, stated that the position of the group of people responsible for this letter was that they were a body of shareholders in the Tramway Company, and they had no legal status or entity with whom the Commissioners could deal. The Commissioners were dealing now with the receiver for the debenture-holders, and his position was legal and fixed, and he was acting in pursuance of certain orders of the Court obtained in England in a debenture-holders' action. A company was one thing and its shareholders were another. Mr. Robinson observed, "To deal with a company, or what in this case came to the same thing—the representative of the mortgagees of a company, that was one thing; but to deal with a body of shareholders forming only a part of the shareholders of a company, that was quite another thing. Whether this scheme was good or not was, no doubt, open to discussion, but even if it was very much better than the one embodied in this Ordinance, the Commissioners were not able to deal with these people at this moment because they could give the Commissioners nothing in return. If the Commissioners did come to an agreement with them, and they undertook to form this company and to carry out this new scheme, still there would be in between the Tramways here and the Commissioners, the debenture-holders, represented by Sir William Plender, who were for all practical purposes the legal owners of the stock and business and undertakings of the present Tramways."

COMMISSIONERS' QUESTIONS.
Mr. GRIFFITH-JONES: Are we in a position to deal with these people? Are we not committed definitely to the scheme with the Shanghai Tramways?

The PRESIDENT: Certainly we are morally committed; whether we are legally committed I don't know.

Mr. GRIFFITH-JONES: Then there is no need to discuss this matter?

The PRESIDENT: He thought some of the Commissioners might like to have any doubts they might feel as to the propriety of pushing aside that letter from Rodyk and Davidson resolved by their legal adviser.

Dr. FARRER: Are we in any way responsible for guarding the interests of the shareholders in this company?

The PRESIDENT: Not in any way.

Mr. TRENDSBOROUGH suggested that the Commissioners should be given a few days to consider the matter.

The PRESIDENT: You have just been told by your legal adviser that these people have no power to negotiate, or offer us anything.

Mr. TRENDSBOROUGH suggested that they might wait until the gentleman who was coming from Shanghai arrived.

The PRESIDENT: There is nothing to be gained by it. Sir William Plender has been appointed by the Court, and we are dealing with him. It is nothing to us whether the shareholders in the old company lose the whole of their capital or not. All that we are concerned with is getting the traffic of this town on a good basis.

Mr. ROBERTSON asked whether the President had committed himself verbally to the scheme with the Shanghai company.

The PRESIDENT: He had signed the draft Ordinance with certain reservations. Mr. McColl wanted this particular document for the purpose of showing in London that an agreement had been practically arrived at.

Dr. CLARKE: What would be our position if we did not carry out the agreement with Shanghai?

The PRESIDENT: We should be under no liability if that is what you mean.

INCHE EUNOS: If we pass this Ordinance are we bound by it?

The PRESIDENT: When we have signified our agreement with this Ordinance we send it up to the Legislative Council, who will deal with it as they please.

INCHE EUNOS: According to this letter these people only want us to give them time.

The PRESIDENT: The main object of the letter is delay.

In a further explanation of the matter, the PRESIDENT stated that the Hongkong people sent a telegram on September 13th, to which the following reply was sent: "The position as it appears to us is simply that the Court in England has appointed Sir William Plender receiver and manager, and that being so, Sir William Plender is the only person whom the Commissioners can recognise or deal with. Hence our attitude towards yourself and those whom you represent can only be that we are unable to recognise your existence as persons with whom we can negotiate."

The PRESIDENT added that the whole scheme had received the sanction of the Court in England, and until these gentlemen could get behind that order by persuading some court in England to cancel it the Commissioners could not deal with them.

HISTORY OF THE NEGOTIATIONS.

The PRESIDENT then gave a short outline of the history of the present negotiations, which commenced in May, 1922. The Shanghai Company put forward certain proposals, and the Commissioners appointed a special committee to consider them. The committee did not agree with what the Company wanted them to do, and they sent the following cable to the company: "Municipality refuse extension of tramway concession on the ground of incompatibility of your interests and those with regard to roads, but would consider railless cars in place of rails, the company to pay half the cost of reconstruction of roads." One of the matters that came up immediately was the revision of the electricity contract, which was referred to in the letter from Messrs. Rodyk and Davidson. The electricity contract was made in 1923, and it bound the Singapore Tramway Company to deliver to the Commissioners all the power that they required at certain rates. During the war the company found that this contract, owing to the rise in prices, was involving them in loss of money. They sought relief in the local courts, but did not succeed, and they then appealed to the Privy Council. While the matter was still pending there was a decision in the Privy Council on the very point raised by the Tramway Company, and the Commissioners had therefore to contemplate the practical certainty that the Company would win their appeal, and the Commissioners would have to pay increased rates for electricity supplied to them dating back to 1918, which would have meant a very large sum of money. When the negotiations with the Shanghai Company, or with Sir William Plender, began, the committee decided that it was, in consequence of the decision of the Privy Council, a question cleared out of the way, and thus free the Commissioners from the necessity of continuing to take electricity from the Tramway Company, and put them in a position to put up their own power station. As a result they had come to a definite agreement with Sir William Plender, but this was contingent upon the passing of this Ordinance and the terms for the settlement of the Privy Council action were that the Commissioners were to pay £20,000 to the Company. Thanks to the desire of the Shanghai Company—who were the moving spirit in the proposal for the reconstruction of the Singapore Company—to obtain the concession for railless trams, they had been able to effect this very reasonable contingent settlement with regard to the electricity supply.

FEAR OF COMPETITION.

Continuing, Mr. FARRER said that the Shanghai Company at once adopted the idea of substituting railless cars, but they expressed the fear that the Commissioners themselves might compete with them, and the Commissioners committed themselves to a declaration to refrain from competitive services on roads served adequately by the company, but they refused to undertake to restrain other competitors by restricting licences or by any other action. Later on, the company pointed out that it would be unfair to them if they were to be subjected to competition from motor-buses, which might be bearing much lighter taxes than the company would have to pay under their agreement with the Commissioners, and the committee therefore agreed to the principle of equitable treatment of public vehicles. In other words, if it should be proved that the total sum payable to the Commissioners by any company or person in respect of public vehicles competing with vehicles of the company was less than that payable by the new company, the Commissioners would increase the taxation. A clause applying this provision to motor-vehicles crept in, but it had been deleted.

This Bill extended to the Shanghai Company, the PRESIDENT continued, until the Singapore Company transferred to the new company the concession formerly held by the old company for a period of thirty years, and it provided that as soon as any route on which trams were situated had been reconstructed by the Commissioners the company had to pull up the tram-lines, and run railless cars instead. The Municipality would then complete that particular road by reconstructing that portion over which tram-lines had been laid. It also enabled the Commissioners to come to an agreement—indeed, an agreement had virtually been come to—both as to the order in which they should take up the reconstruction of the present tramway routes, and the abandonment and removal of the tram-lines from Jalan Sultan, North Bridge Road, South Bridge Road, and as far as Cross Street, and the whole of Tatjong Pagor Road, as soon as the alternative route was available, and Victoria Street, Hill Street, New Bridge Road, and Cross Street, a small portion

(Continued on next column.)

IMPROVING COTTON IN CHINA.

A TYPICAL MEETING WITH UP-COUNTRY FARMERS.

In the latest issue of *Agriculture and Forestry Notes*, issued by the University of Nanking, a description is given of one of the meetings held from time to time with the object of improving the cotton grown in the country. The report says:

The following paragraph is taken from a letter received from Mr. Chen Yen Shan and Mr. Chow Ming I of the Department of Extension, describing their experiences at Wukiang, Anhui, while on an extension field trip. It answers in a very positive way the question so often asked, "Do the farmers respond to better things? The College is maintaining a one half day rural school emphasizing school garden and nursery work, and a cotton demonstration farm at this place. The Mr. Li referred to is a product of our one year course in agriculture. In addition to his teaching, he conducts an evening course in popular education with the 3,000 character lessons. On Sunday, he conducts a Sunday School and sometimes preaches. His first problem was to gain the confidence of the farmers. How well he has succeeded is indicated herewith.

At Wukiang (Anhui), Mr. Li had prepared well for the meeting. The door was beautifully decorated with a cedar arch, paper flowers, big sign for the exhibition and the national flag flying. The next morning we arranged the exhibit material in the school room and were ready by ten o'clock. Many people passing here came in to see our exhibits. We talked to them and asked them to come again in the afternoon at two o'clock. In the morning we received various lots of cotton from the farmers and arranged it all in exhibit order. We put the names, places, amount of land, amount of cotton harvested, and the total money obtained, on the bag of each farmer.

In the afternoon we started our meeting at two o'clock. Both farmers and farm ladies, merchants and merchant ladies, gentry and gentry ladies, were present. We rang the bell to call the meeting to order. Then I went up to the platform to announce the purpose of the meeting. Mr. Li told his experience with the farmers in the beginning and their attitude toward him now. He made them all laugh and again sorry for their ignorance. He also told the result of our cotton and of all farmers' cotton in the exhibit bags. He also chose four farmers to come to the platform to bear witness and asked them to tell the audience about their good harvest, better cotton and more money received.

"They believe in us now and want to grow more cotton next year. We had our movie in the afternoon instead of in the evening, because Wukiang is also under martial law now. The room was fully packed with about 300 people and the meeting was adjourned at half-past five. The meeting was a very successful one as Mr. Li is the right kind of man to work for it."

of South Bridge Road, and the new road to Kreta Ayer. The payments in return for which the Shanghai Company got this concession were calculated to pay half the sinking fund and interest on the loan of \$2,400,000 which had been authorised by Government for the reconstruction of roads. In most respects the Bill followed as nearly as possible the old Tramway Ordinance. "There can be no question," said the PRESIDENT in conclusion, "that since Mr. McColl and his staff took over the running of the tramways they have been enormously improved from what they were before, and I have every confidence that the Shanghai Company will run these trackless trams in a manner as satisfactory as we can hope to attain."

COMMISSIONERS' COMMENTS.

Mr. DUFFMAN remarked that this request, coming at the late hour, was somewhat extraordinary. In any case it would delay the proceedings for many months, and that alone was a very great detriment. He added that the Shanghai Company had worked during the past two years most efficiently. (Hear, hear.) They had put all the cars into thoroughly good running order, they had carried out a complete reorganisation, they had reduced fares and they had doubled the tram traffic.

The PRESIDENT: More than doubled it.

Continuing, Mr. DUFFMAN said that the Shanghai Company had had to provide something like \$20,000 in order to do this work. The Commissioners had to consider the best possible means of improving traffic conditions in the town, and he felt quite satisfied, from what the Shanghai Company had already done, that they were in every way competent to run the new company most ably. He pointed out that they were completely in the dark as to the capabilities of the Hongkong shareholders.

In reply to Mr. Griffith-Jones, the PRESIDENT stated that he was informed that the Commissioners could not be held to be bound by anything they had done. It all depended on the Legislative Council.

Mr. GRIFFITH-JONES: If we break with Sir William Plender now, do we re-open the question of the electricity supply?

The PRESIDENT: Yes, because the agreement to withdraw the Privy Council appeal is contingent upon the passing of this Bill.

Mr. GRIFFITH-JONES: We are committed over this electricity question, and morally committed over the tramways.

The PRESIDENT: We are committed over the power station, which is the best thing we can possibly do for the town.

After further discussion the PRESIDENT moved that the Bill, with the exception of certain sections which were matters for the Inspector General of Police, be approved. Mr. MANASSER seconded, and the resolution was unanimously carried.

CANTON NEWS.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

PREPARING TO ATTACK CANTON.

General Chen Chiang Ming has decided to remain neutral in the middle of politics in North and Central China, and devote his attention to the local issue—the ousting of Bolshevism from Canton. His three divisions, led by Generals Lin Fu, Hung Chao Lin, and Yeh Chu, have been ordered to prepare for the attack on Canton, while a committee composed of representatives of Canton, Swatow, and communities is assisting him with funds. Some \$300,000 has been handed over to the troops commanders recently, and more is being subscribed for his support. The Cantonese are supporting General Chen on the understanding that he will refrain from siding with one political faction or another but concentrate his energy towards the salvation of Canton from Red influence.

THE MAYORALTY.

Friends of Dr. C. C. Wu in Canton are placarding the streets to promote his election to the mayoralty. He is termed "a friend to the workers, a model merchant, and an advanced student." Dr. Wu is son of the late Wu Ting Fang and is at present Head of the Foreign Affairs Department at General Headquarters. He is the most popular candidate for the nomination among the students and the merchants. Dr. Wu is a graduate of London University and has been a follower of Dr. Sun Yat Sen since 1917. He has never been a very active merchant, except perhaps in real estate transactions in the last two years in Canton, and Mr. Tze Ying Pak, his rival, the favourite of the Workers Union, may dispute his claim to be regarded as a model merchant. So far the rivalry has been friendly, as both Dr. Wu and Mr. Tze are leading men in the Kuomintang.

FOREIGN PIECE GOODS MERCHANTS AND LIKIN.

The authorities in Canton have ruled that foreign merchants, as well as natives, dealing in piece goods, will have to pay like the Big Lung Syndicate farming out the likin for collection has guaranteed \$100,000 a year to the government.

THE SIMPLE LIFE IN JAPAN.

"BE DILIGENT AND THRIFTY."

Mr. Hamaguchi, Minister of Finance, has given out the following statement to the Press:—

"To-day (November 10th) is the first anniversary of the grant of the Imperial Edict on the cultivation of a sound national spirit, and I feel the force of the Imperial injunctions contained therein in the more now because of the situation prevailing at home and abroad. The adoption of the Dawes plan seems to have introduced a ray of hope into the financial and political atmosphere in Europe, which has long been thickened by the post-war uncertainty. Industry is paralysed and trade is at a low ebb. To make matters worse, the disastrous earthquake of last year inflicted incalculable losses upon the country's finances and economies. Foreign trade, upon which depends the prosperity and decline of the country's finances, has been unfavourable year in and year out since the termination of the war. Last year the excess of imports over exports of the country, inclusive of Korea and Formosa, exceeded ¥800,000,000, while the trade balance during the first half year of the current year was over ¥700,000,000 against this country. The aggregate sum of the surplus of imports since 1918 has reached the huge figure of ¥2,700,000,000. The result of this strikingly unfavourable trade balance has been the gradual diminution of the specie, which has led to a sharp fall in the exchange rate to the extent of twenty or thirty per cent. The effects of this phenomenon are being disastrously felt in financial circles. On the other hand, State expenditure has considerably expanded since the war, with the corresponding increase in national debts.

The lax and extravagant habits which grew upon the people in the war boom days still exist, due to lack of popular awakening, though there was some though only temporary improvement at the time of the earthquake.

In short, if the present state of things be allowed to take its course, there can be neither financial recovery nor the increase of national resources, and Japan will be hopelessly left behind in the future international competition. The best way to meet the present grave situation is for the people to observe the injunctions set forth in the Imperial Edict referred to, and take on a fresh spirit. In other words, we must discard dissipated and indulgent ways of living for a thrifty and strenuous life. In carrying out administrative and financial readjustment the Government was prompted by a desire to set the example of economy. If the people are united in their efforts to be diligent and thrifty, there will be an increase of capital, on the one hand, and the lowering of prices and the gradual revival of the export trade, on the other, with the result that a new life will be imparted to financial circles and national development be attained. Diligence and economy are not simply a negative moral code, regulating individual life, but an important key to national prosperity."

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

[BEFORE THE CHIEF JUSTICE (SIR HENRY GOLLAN).]

ARMS ON A JUNK.

THE RISKS A LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
MIGHT RUN.

When the case in which two Chinese junk people, charged with the unlawful possession of 18 automatic pistols, 1,842 rounds of revolver ammunition and 460 rounds of rifle ammunition, was resumed yesterday morning the Chief Justice pointed out to the Jury that the law imposed absolute liability on the person in charge of a ship, whether or not he knew of the presence of the arms. If they found the first prisoner to be the person in charge of the ship, the only thing they could do was to find him guilty.

Mr. H. K. Holmes, Crown Solicitor, prosecuted and Mr. F. C. Jenkin appeared for the prisoners.

The second prisoner went into the box, and in the course of his evidence said that Chan Fuk, the bosun, was solely responsible for the storing of the cargo in the hold. Chan Fuk was on board when the Police made the raid, but disappeared immediately. A man named Chan Hui, the bosun's assistant, who was a carpenter, also disappeared.

A tallyman gave evidence, and said that he was responsible for paying the wages of the men employed on the junk. He said that after the raid, though there were wages due to Chan Fuk and his assistant, neither had put in an appearance nor made any claim for the money.

Mr. Holmes argued that absolute liability was imposed on the first prisoner.

Mr. Jenkin said that if the contention of the Crown were carried out to its logical conclusion it would apply to any steam launch or motor boat. If a member of the Legislative Council were to proceed on his own launch or any launch of which it could be said that he was in charge, for the purpose of taking ladies to a bathing picnic, or to meet his wife on an incoming steamer, or for some other purpose consistent with the status and dignity of a member of the Legislative Council, and arms were found on board, he would be liable to be put in the dock and could say nothing in his own defence.

His Lordship: That is if he were skipping.

Mr. Jenkin: I did not use the word. I am keeping to the words of the section of the Ordinance: "The person in charge." Unless he could prove that he was not the person in charge, he would, in common parlance, be "for it."

His Lordship: I could deal with him as a first offender.

Mr. Jenkin: The question of sentence is beyond my argument.

Mr. Holmes pointed out that hardship did not affect the Court. The Court was not there to legislate, but to carry out the intentions of the Legislature.

His Lordship pointed out that Counsel for the defence had to satisfy the Jury that first prisoner was not the man in charge.

Mr. Jenkin: Even if they are wholly satisfied that he is innocent of guilty knowledge, they are bound to find him guilty.

His Lordship: I am afraid so.

Summing up, his Lordship told the Jury it was not their duty to consider whether a law was harsh or not. If they found the first prisoner to be the "person in charge" they must find him guilty, and the second man had to satisfy them that he had no knowledge of the arms.

The Jury retired, and returned after 25 minutes. They found first prisoner "guilty," but, on account of his age, recommended him to mercy, and found second prisoner "not guilty."

His Lordship postponed sentence until to-day.

OIL PILFERED IN HARBOUR.

JUNK MASTERS CHARGED.

How the attempt to steal a quantity of cassia oil, the property of Messrs. Botelho Brothers, was frustrated, was related when two junk masters named Lo Yeung and Ho Fai were charged. The charge was of stealing three drums of oil. Both men pleaded not guilty.

Mr. H. K. Holmes, Crown Solicitor, prosecuted. The first prisoner was not represented, but Mr. F. C. Jenkin (instructed by Mr. Leo D'Almada) appeared for the second.

Mr. Holmes said that the cassia oil was purchased from the Kwan Cheong Godown by Messrs. Botelho Brothers, and it was intended to be shipped to America. There were 15 drums, a cargo worth about \$18,000. On October 11th, the first prisoner was instructed to collect empty drums and take them to the Kwan Cheong Godown.

(Continued on next column.)

CONSPIRACY CHARGE.

"SOLICITORS' CLERKS CASE"
RE-OPENED.

Yesterday afternoon, before J. R. Wood at the Central Magistracy, the case in which Lo Shu Fan and Cheung Pui Chuen, alias Charles Kent, two clerks in the employ of Messrs. Hastings & Hastings and Denny & Bowley, are charged on three counts, was resumed.

It is alleged that they conspired together to defraud Wong Tak Yin of her property by false representations that Lo Shu Fan was owner of certain lands in the New Territories and had transferred the same into the name of the said Wong Tak Yin and desired to mortgage the same. The other two counts alleged that the defendants conspired together to induce the complainant by false representations to sign two deeds of sale.

In the last two counts, the defendants are alleged to have acted in conjunction with Au Hon Fu and Ho Sai Lok, son of the complainant.

Mr. M. K. Lo prosecuted and Mr. E. Davidson appeared on behalf of the defendants. Mr. H. S. Fitzroy, instructed by Messrs. Lee & Russ, watched the proceedings on behalf of Lau Shun Cho, the purchaser of certain property involved in the case.

As the previous hearings had been taken by Mr. R. E. Lindsell, at present on home leave, the case had to be reopened yesterday afternoon; so that the proceedings consisted chiefly in the reading out to Wong Tak Yin of her evidence given at the earlier hearings.

The case will be continued this morning, when in all probability the evidence of Ho Sai Lok will be dealt with in the same way.

BOULDER THROUGH A ROOF.

FAULTY BLASTING COSTS A
CONTRACTOR \$100.

On the 8th of the present month a coppersmith of To Kwa Wah, Hunghom, was occupied with his graceful craft at about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, when his labours were disturbed by the entry through the roof of his shed of a boulder weighing about 50 lbs.

The coppersmith was one of the witnesses in the police court sequel yesterday, when the Wing Lee firm of contractors were charged before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at Kowloon, with neglecting to take proper precautions in blasting operations.

Inspector Ogg informed the Magistrate that the defendants had been fined \$10 on two previous occasions for similar offences.

His Worship, remarking that he regarded this case as a serious one, imposed a fine of \$100.

ATTEMPT TO ROB MILITARY
STORE.THIEVES' VAIN EFFORT AT GUN
CLUB HILL.

Following on the theft last Monday night of two machine guns from Whitfield Barracks, in connection with which no arrests have yet been made, an attempt to break into the military store at Gun Club Hill has been reported.

It appears that on Thursday morning it was discovered that the typhoon shutters of the store had been tampered with, but had resisted the efforts of the would-be thieves.

The latter's object, it is believed, was to gain possession of two Vickers machine guns which, with their necessary equipment, are kept at the store.

Godown, and consequently he knew the cargo was to be shipped. In conversation with the No. 2 tallyman of the firm, he discussed arrangements for abstracting the oil from the drums and substituting water. There was also a discussion as to the division of the proceeds. No. 2 reported this conversation to the head tallyman next morning. Later the oil was poured from the native containers into the drums, measured, weighed and sealed.

On the morning of October 21st, it was placed on first defendant's cargo boat for removal to the City of Yungang. The Police watched from a motor boat some distance away, and followed the junk in its progress across the Harbour. Instead of going alongside the steamer, the junk went to a point between Yau-mat and Laichikok. Those on board occupied themselves, during the trip, by emptying three of the drums into vessels they had provided in the hold. They were busy on the fourth drum when the police went alongside. When the Police arrived there was a dash for the shore, but Lo Yeung and Ho Fai were arrested, and the various implements used for opening the drums were seized.

Evidence was given by Mr. G. H. Carvalho and Mr. F. M. Remedios, employed by Messrs. Botelho Bros. and also the No. 1 and No. 2 tallymen, and his Lordship adjourned the case until 10.30 this morning.

LOCAL SPORT.

TO-DAY'S FOOTBALL.

The following games are down for decision to-day.

LEE WAH CHALLENGE CUP COMPETITION.

Civilians v. South China, H.K.F.C. ground. Kick off at 4 p.m. Referee: Mr. Spencer. Linesmen: Messrs. Collins and Wilby.

HONGKONG LEAGUE.

Division II.

Kick off at 2.45 p.m.

East Surrey Drums v. South China "B." Sookunpoo ground. Referee: Mr. Ford.

University v. South China "A." South China ground. Referee: Mr. Bailey. St. Joseph's "A." v. St. Joseph's "B." St. Joseph's ground. Referee: Mr. Green.

Kowloon Reserves v. Club de Recreio "B." Kowloon F.C. ground. Referee: Mr. Smith. Kick off at 2.30 p.m.

Sacred Heart v. East Surrey Reserves. Hongkong Club ground. Referee: Mr. Collins.

The Club de Recreio "A" have been permitted to postpone their match with the Hongkong Club Reserves owing to two of their players taking part in the Challenge Cup Competition.

There will be no first division league games this week.

The match on the Club ground to-day opens a new Competition in soccer football. The Lee Wah Company have presented to the H.K.F.A. a Challenge Cup to be competed for annually by teams selected by the Association. Four teams have been selected to play this season and the game to-day will be the first of the semi-finals. The other game will be between teams chosen from the Navy and Army. The H.K.F.A. are running these games with a view to selecting a team to represent Hongkong in the coming Interport game with Shanghai.

It is fully expected that South China will maintain their unbeaten record, although the Civilians are turning out a very strong combination. The team selected is as follows:—

A. E. Clarke (Police); Wheeler (Kowloon) and Bishop (Club); McKelvie (Kowloon); J. Stewart (Club); Duncan (Kowloon); Britton (Police); Howard and Jones (Club); Rocha and Brown (Club de Recreio).

In the junior league the game on the Club ground should be well contested and it is expected that the East Surrey Reserves will win.

The University will not be at full strength against South China "A" on the South China ground and the "A" team should take the points.

The East Surrey Drums should have an easy win over the South China "B" should they be in the same form as last week when they played the "A" team to a draw.

At Kowloon the game should be even as the Reserves went down to the "A" team last week by five goals to nil.

The game between the two College teams should end in favour of the "A" team.

H.K.F.A. MEETING.

Mr. J. McCubbin presided over a meeting of the H.K.F.A. last evening in the Board Room of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Company (kindly lent for the occasion), all the Affiliated Clubs being represented. The following were present: Messrs. May, McTavish, Smith, B. Hall, E. Wheeler, A. E. Cottam, C.P.O. Vincer, R.S.M. Cook, Q.M.S. Charlesworth, Inspector J. Clark, Johnson, Lawrence, Dalah, E. de Souza, Guigum, B. A. Hyder, Mok Hing, C. F. Yuen, Lai Wai Tong, and W. E. Hollands, Hon. Secretary.

The minutes of the previous meeting having been read and confirmed, the Chairman expressed the sympathy of the Association with Mr. F. G. Wheeler, a former vice-president of the Association.

A letter from the Alice Memorial Hospital was read in which it was stated that the Hospital were appealing for funds and asked for the support of the H.K.F.A. It was decided to set aside a proportion of the gate in the Sunday Herald Charity Competition matches and the Secretary was instructed to reply accordingly.

Mr. R. Hall, Chairman of the Kowloon Football Club, was elected Vice-President of the Association vice the late Capt. F. G. Wheeler.

The following were elected to serve on the Interport Selection Committee: The Chairman, Messrs. May and Smith, Lieut. E. A. Cottam (East Surrey Regt.), and C.P.O. Vincer (H.M.S. Tamar).

The University were permitted to postpone their League matches on the 29th inst. and December 8th on account of the University examinations. For cancelling their League fixture with Kowloon with out reference to the League Management Committee, South China were fined \$5.

The meeting of the Referees' Board suspended the following players for misconduct in the Junior League match between St. Joseph's "A" and South China "A":

Choi Ping Fan, South China F.C., for four weeks.

W. J. Leonard, St. Joseph's F.C., and Au Kit Sang, South China F.C., for four weeks. The suspensions were upheld by the H.K.F.A.

HOCKEY NOTES.

[BY "SHORT CORNER."]

Several of the Home clubs play the first match of the season late in September, but it has become a tradition with one or two of the larger clubs to play no matches before the beginning of October. Reports of opening matches received from Home go to show that this season may be expected to record no set-back to the increasing popularity of the game.

At the Interport Cricket dinner on Wednesday the Hongkong Captain expressed in the course of his speech a hope and a belief that there will always be found Englishmen to carry on the traditions of cricket; the game above all others in which we have excelled. As I stated last week there has been, almost from the commencement of hockey as it is played to-day, a community of interests between cricket and hockey, and the hope put into words by "Dick" Hancock will be heartily endorsed by all interested in hockey as having a direct bearing on the welfare of the latter game.

A hockey International with France has been one of the events of the season for some years now, although the French selection committee have been sorely handicapped by having to draw their players from the members of one or two important clubs. And now the controlling body in Holland has decided to amend its rules to conform to those of the Hockey Association, a tribute to the game as played in Great Britain, and an acknowledgment of the need for international agreement on points of play arising from the increasing importance of the game.

I mentioned last week that Shameen is anxious to send a hockey team to Hongkong, and I understand that the H.K.H.C. have left the fixing of a date to the Shameen Hockey Club.

The game will probably be played early in December, and it will be interesting to see whether Shameen's hockey is as good as their cricket. Many of the players are, it seems, new to the game, but, as I hinted before, one never quite knows.

The question of an Interport game with Shanghai has been raised, and I believe that a definite announcement will be possible in the near future.

Distance makes an obstacle to every Interport game between the two cities, but it is to be hoped that Shanghai will see their way clear to pay us the visit owing some time this year.

It was a happy thought to arrange a hockey match with the "Malaya" cricket team before they leave the Colony. The game is to be played on the U.S.R.C. ground, Kowloon, at 4.30 p.m. on Tuesday next, the 25th, and the H.K.H.C. side will be as follows:—P. W. F. Mills; E. W. Hamilton and G. H. Piercy; A. S. Hett, E. J. R. Mitchell, and the Rev. T. B. Powell; H. Owen Hughes, D. H. F. Macmaster, G. R. More, A. C. E. Bowker and B. D. Evans.

Members of the United Services Recreation Club and the Hongkong Cricket Club, with their friends, are to be the guests of the Hongkong Hockey Club, and tea will be served by the ground at 4 p.m. It may be that several of the "Malaya" team are not regular hockey players, but they will no doubt put up the strongest possible opposition to the Club side, with results that will be worth watching.

CRICKET.

KOWLOON v. MALAYA.

To-day, at 10.30 a.m., on the K.O.C. ground, the following will represent the home club:—H. Overy (capt.), Lt. Col. E. D. Matthews, B. D. Evans, A. T. Lay, E. C. Fincher, A. E. Wood, F. Goodwin, J. C. Lyall, A. R. F. Ravra, L. A. R. Duncan, A. W. Ramsey, and Geo. Lee. Umpire: J. P. Robinson; Scorer: E. Hoather.

CINEMA NOTES.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Have you read Jack London's novel of sea adventure "The Mutiny of the Elsinore"? If you did, you would probably realize at the time what wonderful material it contained for a great motion picture. That material has been utilized; and "The Mutiny of the Elsinore" is now showing at the Queen's Theatre. In the same programme will be seen the moving pictures of the recent devastation of Canton taken by Pathé's cameraman at great personal risk. You have read all about it in the papers and you will now see it on the screen—an event not to be missed.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

HAVE RECEIVED A SPLENDID
SELECTION OF THE FAMOUS

MORNY
PERFUMERY & TOILET
REQUISITES

SPECIALLY FOR THE XMAS SEASON.

BEFORE DECIDING ON YOUR CHRISTMAS GIFTS
CALL AND SEE OUR DISPLAY OF—

BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED BASKETS
of SOAP, PERFUME, COMPLEXION
POWDER, etc. ... } \$18.50 & \$22.50

VERY NEAT PRESENTATION BOXES \$7.50, \$9.50, \$18.00

BATH SOAP de LUXE ... per box of 6 tabs \$6.69

FANCY TINS TALCUM POWDER ... per tin 80 cts.

ESSENCE CHAMINADE ... per bot. \$5.50 & \$9.50

" MYSTERIEUSE ... " \$9.50

" FANTAISIE ... " \$5.50

" JUNE ROSES ... " \$4.00 & \$5.50

" SERENADE ... " \$6.50 & \$12.00

PERFUMERY Department—Ground Floor.

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GENERAL MANAGERS,
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LANCERS,
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Now Showing the New Semi-stiff Dress Shirts

Made from a Fine

FRENCH PIQUE

they represent the last word in Dress Shirts.

Smart in appearance—they will remain so until the end of the Evening's enjoyment—and comfortable in wear.

ALSO A NEW STOCK OF
Pleated and Stiff Fronted Shirts
Collars, Ties, Gloves,
Scarves, etc.

INSPECTION INVITED.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

EXTRA MEETING—29th NOVEMBER.

CONDITION for EXTRA MEETING RACE. HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB, POST ENTRIES.

By Order,
C. E. BROWN,
Secretary.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE SEVENTH EXTRA RACE MEETING will be held (weather permitting) at HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB, on SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29th, 1924, commencing at 2.30 p.m. The First Race will be Run at 2.30 p.m. The Charge for Admission to the Public Enclosure will be \$1. Soldiers and Sailors in uniform, Half Price. Members are advised that they must show their Season Tickets to obtain Admission to the Members' Enclosure. Each Member has the right of introducing 2 Non-Members to the Members' Enclosure. Tickets for whom can be obtained from Messrs. LITTLE & DAVIS at \$5 each up to FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 29th. The Stewards invite the Ladies of Hongkong to be present. [1523]

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

ORGAN RECITAL

By Mr. FREDERICK MASON, A.B.C.O., L.T.C.L.

ASSISTED BY
Mrs. S. COLLETT (Soprano)
Mr. E. G. ANNIS (Tenor)

ON
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26th, 1924,
AT 5.30 P.M.

(COLLECTION FOR ORGAN FUND). [1525]

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

FROM MIDDLESBROUGH, ANTWERP,
LONDON AND STRAITS.

The Steamship "BENROECH"

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence, and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th instant, will be subject to Rent. All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before 12th December, or they will not be recognized. All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 25th instant at 10 a.m. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents. Hongkong, 21st November, 1924. [1524]

LLOYD TRIESTINO S.N. CO.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Steamship "NIPPON"

FROM TRIESTE, VENICE, BRINDISI, PORT SAID, MASSAUA, ADEN, COLOMBO, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, whence, and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th instant, will be subject to Rent. All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before 12th December, or they will not be recognized. All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 25th instant at 10 a.m. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents. Hongkong, 22nd November, 1924. [1529]

STRUTHERS & BARRY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND LOS ANGELES VIA PORTS.

THE Steamship "WEST FARALON" having arrived from the above-mentioned ports, Saturday, 22nd November, 1924, Consignees are hereby notified that their Cargo is being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, whence, and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained. Consignees of Cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports Office, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned or Delivery Orders issued. All broken, chafed and damaged Cargo to be left in the Godowns where it will be examined at 10 a.m. Thursday, 27th November, 1924, by Messrs. ANDERSON & ASSOC., Marine Surveyors. All Claims must be presented within 10 days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be recognized after the Goods have left the Godown, and Cargo undelivered after Friday, 28th November, 1924, will be subject to Rent. No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading in exchange for Delivery Orders immediately. STRUTHERS & BARRY, Agents. U.S.S.B. Emergency Fleet Corps. Hongkong, 22nd November, 1924. [1526]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HONGKONG ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

NOTICE.

PRACTICE DANCES.

MEMBERS are Reminded that the LAST PRACTICE DANCE will take place at the CITY HALL on TUESDAY, the 25th INSTANT.

Admission only by Slips attached to the Ball Invitation Cards.

By Order,
A. RITCHIE,
Hon. Secretary.

1523]

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE.

AN EXAMINATION FOR NEW BOYS will be held on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25th, at the School, 8, Prospect Place (off Bonham Road), at 9 a.m.

There are a few Vacancies both for Boarders and Day-boys; and a New Class for Beginners will be formed. [1479]

S.S. "LIEUTENANT ST. LOUBERT BIE"

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from DUNKIRK, ANTWERP, MIDDLESBROUGH, LONDON, &c., also Cargo ex s.s. "MELNAM" from COGNAC, &c., in connection with above Steamer are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasury and Valuables are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless Intimation is received from the Consignees before Noon, To-day, requesting it to be loaded here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Underwriter. Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th instant, at Noon, will be subject to Rent and Landing Charges.

All Claims must be sent in to me on or before the 31st instant, or they will not be recognized. All damaged Packages will be examined on Wednesday, the 26th instant, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. R. BODENFUSSE, Agent. Hongkong, 20th November, 1924. [1520]

PRINCE LINE FAR EAST SERVICE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM NEW YORK.

THE Steamship "MOORISH PRINCE" having arrived from the above Port on 17th instant, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on Tuesday, 25th instant at 10 a.m.

All Claims must be presented within 15 days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th instant, will be subject to Rent.

Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that they must produce an Import permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading can be countersigned.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by FURNESS (FAR EAST), LTD., 2nd Floor, King's Building, Connaught Road, Hongkong. Telephone No. 3155. Hongkong, 17th November, 1924. [1507]

THE PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

STEAMER FOR STRAITS, COLOMBO, AUSTRALIA, BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS & LONDON.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship "SARDINIA" Capt. O. SIGGERS, R.N., carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this Port on or about WEDNESDAY, the 26th NOVEMBER, 1924, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports.

Silk and Valuables and Tea for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Bombay into the Mail Steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 5 p.m. the Day before Sailing. The contents and value of all packages must be declared. For further particulars, apply to—MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents. Hongkong, 20th November, 1924. [1516]

THEATRE ROYAL

"THE YEOMEN OF THE GUARD"

DECEMBER 12TH, 13TH, 15TH, 17TH, 19TH and 20TH

BOOKING AT ANDERSON'S OPENS MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24th

PRICES —\$3, \$2 and \$1. [1517]

INTIMATIONS

NOTICE.

MR. F. R. JONES is Appointed MANAGER of our HONGKONG BRANCH from Date in Succession to Mr. A. W. STEWART-JONES, who has been Transferred to Shanghai.

REUTERS, LTD.

WM. TURNER, General Manager in the Far East.

1513]

KOWLOON GOLF CLUB.

NOTICE.

MEMBERS of the above Club are hereby notified that the Course will be Open for Play on and after 1st DECEMBER, 1924.

WM. PATTERSON, Hon. Secretary.

1522]

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE HALF YEARLY MEETING of MEMBERS will be held in the JOCKEY CLUB ROOM, HONGKONG CLUB ANEX, on MONDAY, the 24th of NOVEMBER, 1924, at 5.30 p.m.

By Order,
C. E. BROWN, Secretary.

1460]

FOOTBALL.

LAI WAH CUP SEMI-FINAL.

THE SEMI-FINAL of the Above CUP between the CIVILIANS and CHINESE will take place on the Grass Grounds on SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23rd. Kick off at 4 p.m. Sharp. Extra Time if necessary will be played.

Admission —\$1.00 and 50 cents.

Servants: 50 and 30 cents. [1512]

NOTICE.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

CERTIFICATE No. 918 for 5 Shares, 24 per Share paid up, Number 9628/9630 in this Society standing in the Name of HORMUSJEE COOPERBEE SEENA, of Bombay, has been Declared LOST, and if at the expiration of One Month from the Date hereof the above Document be not forthcoming the Said Certificate will be deemed Cancelled and of No Effect, and a NEW Certificate for the 5 Shares will be issued in its stead by the Society.

PAUL LAUDER, General Manager.

Hongkong, 24th October, 1924. [1405]

FOR ATTENTION OF MASTERS OF NORTH-BOUND STEAMERS.

AS, During the North-East Monsoon there is always a possibility of North-bound Steamers Running Short

OF BUNKER COAL,

This is to Inform You that TAIT & CO., AMOY (A Well-protected Port with Good Anchorage) have Stocks of

GOOD JAPANESE BUNKER COALS

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Wireless Messages via Hongkong or Formosa are Re-transmitted by the GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH CO., and a Wire to "TAIT" or "COALBUNKER" AMOY, will Receive their Prompt Attention.

Bentley's Complete-Phrase Code used. [1437]

TO LET.

"A VE HOUSE," No. 1, MAY ROAD, From 15th March, 1925. Furnished Seven-roomed, House, 4 Bathrooms, Hot and Cold Water, Tennis Court, and Garden.

ARRATON V. APCAR,

Prince's Building.

1519]

TO LET.

SPACIOUS OFFICES, in POWELL'S BUILDING, 12, DES VOUX ROAD (Central Position). Vacant: JANUARY 1st, 1925.

Apply to—MANAGING DIRECTOR, WM. POWELL, LTD. [1521]

TO LET.

TO LET—One SINGLE ROOMED OFFICE on 1st Floor, No. 14/15, PRINCE STREET.

Apply to—PROPERTY OFFICE, JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD. [1186]

TO LET.

OFFICE ROOMS in CENTRAL POSITION. Apply to—LINTSEAD & DAVIS, Alexandra Buildings. [1309]

When you see

THE

SIGNAL

TOWER

Starring Virginia Valli

You will see the most remarkable and thrilling train wreck ever screened.

To-day, at 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15

at the

CORONET.

INTIMATIONS

FINE

PORTS

AND

SHERRIES.

For many years we have

enjoyed a reputation for Ports

and Sherries second to none.

We invite connoisseurs to

give our "D" & "E" brands

of both a trial. We do not

ask them to buy blindly but

to visit our extensive Wine

Vaults and taste these choice

wines before buying.

A S. WATSON &

CO., LTD.

Wine and Spirit Merchants.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

Hongkong Office: 1A, Chater Road.

London Office: 131, Fleet Street, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, NOVEMBER 22ND, 1924.

THE SINGAPORE BASE PROJECT.

A PARAGRAPH in Mr. BALDWIN's election address reads: "The maintenance of our security at sea, on land, and in the air, is one of the first duties of any Government, and the Unionist Party, if returned to power, will have to examine afresh the position in which the defences of the Empire have been left by the present (Labour) Administration. While in favour of any practical proposals for a general limitation of armaments, we shall have to scrutinize carefully, in conjunction with the Dominions, the far-reaching commitments and implications of the scheme recently put forward at Geneva."

In accordance with this announcement the new Government has already requested that the question should not be placed upon the agenda for the forthcoming meeting of the Council of the League of Nations in Rome, though the announcement now made that the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs will attend the meeting of the Council may rightly be regarded as evidence of the Government's desire to promote the work of the League by every practicable means. It is, however, a practical certainty, we think, that the Government will at an early date re-affirm its previous decision to proceed with the creation of a Naval base at Singapore, which Mr. RAMSAY MACDONALD's Government turned down. The

late Prime Minister was careful to explain that the scheme was not rejected from naval considerations, but "postponed"—indefinitely—for financial reasons. Naval advocacy of the scheme, as everybody knows, is very strong, though not entirely unanimous. Notably the late Admiral Sir Percy Scott opposed the scheme, which was originally advocated by Admiral JELlicoe and it has had the endorsement of Earl BATHURST who regards Singapore as a key position which must be developed in order to secure the eastern portion of the Empire and provide a safe anchorage for the ships necessary to ensure that security. Several references were made to this question in the election campaign. Mr. WINSTON CHURCHILL gave it considerable prominence. He emphasised in one of his speeches that though Singapore seemed very remote from Great Britain "it is a vital point in Imperial unity, and unless there is a harbour at Singapore, where British ships can rest in safety, it is not possible for the British Navy to enter the Pacific Ocean, and unless it can it is not possible for us to render the protection of British sea power to Australia and New Zealand." The Labour Government, he went on to say, had refused to allow the harbour of Singapore to be constructed. "From that very moment they have said to Australians, 'You can shift for yourselves,' and it has been said almost on the morrow of a war in which 400,000 or 500,000 Australians and New Zealanders, came—not under compulsion—and offered their lives for the love of the Mother Country. In the consciousness of the justice of the cause that we were fighting, they died and covered themselves with fame upon the fields of the war."

The sentiments which Mr. CHURCHILL expressed are generally shared by the members of the new Cabinet, and when the Conservative Government comes to "examine afresh the position in which the defences of the Empire have been left by the Labour Administration," it is a practical certainty that there will be a reversal of the late Government's decision in regard to the Singapore Base.

The American Consulate last night communicated to us by telephone a warning received from the Manila Observatory of a typhoon in 136 degrees E. and 13 degrees N. moving W.N.W.

Two cases of typhoid—one Chinese and one Indian—were notified to the Medical Officer of Health on Thursday. Other notifiable diseases reported on the same day were one case of diphtheria and one of cerebro-spinal fever.

A Chinese who was knocked down by a motor-truck in Des Vaux Road on Thursday and taken to the Tung Wah Hospital in a serious condition, has died at the Government Civil Hospital, to which he was afterwards transferred.

The Children's Christmas Party at the Helena May Institute takes place on Friday, December 19th, at 4 p.m., and not as stated in a previous announcement.—ADVT.

We have received from the Japanese Consulate-General in Hongkong a copy of what is called the "One Year After" edition of Japan, a magazine of travel which contains many full page illustrations of "Tokyo to-day" in addition to many articles on the problems created by the great earthquake disaster of September 1923.

A distressing tragedy occurred at Singapore last week in which Mr. W. G. Richards, Chief Surveyor of the Architects Department of the Singapore Municipality, together with his wife, took veronal, with the result that Mrs. Richards died from the effects in the General Hospital the following morning, while the condition of the husband, who is also in the same institution, is reported to be critical. The cause of the tragedy is described as due to financial difficulties. The deceased lady, formerly Miss Rosie Munnell, was some years ago employed as a sister in the General Hospital.

Revenue Officer Grimmett raided a house at 108, Canton Road, Kowloon, yesterday morning, and seized 2 revolvers, 79 rounds of ammunition, and a small quantity of opium. Three men were arrested.

The interesting announcement, says the Straits Times, is made of the appointment of Mr. Tan Hock Ann, formerly chief clerk at the Supreme Court, Penang, to the post of Deputy-Registrar in the Supreme Court, Singapore. This is stated to be the first time that a Chinese has occupied this position, which is a Class V Civil Service appointment.

A fourth edition of "Eastern Exchange Currency and Finance" by Mr. William F. Spalding, has recently been published by Sir Isaac Pitman & Sons, Ltd. "In order to keep the book up to date, it has been necessary," says the author in the preface, "to re-write a considerable portion." Consequently a large amount of new material has been added to this most informing work, but in the Chapter on Hongkong we note that the revision of the Stamp duties in 1921 has been overlooked. That, however, is a mere detail for rectification in a future edition, for the fourth edition is not likely to be the last of a work which is simply invaluable to every young man desirous of acquiring knowledge of the intricate subjects which are explained by Mr. Spalding with a lucidity that engages the interest of the student from the opening to the final chapter.

THE CIVIL WAR IN CHINA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TUAN CHI JUI TO TAKE OVER.

HIS ARRIVAL IN PEKING EXPECTED.

PEKING, November 21st.

The Legations have been informed that Tuan Chi Jui will probably arrive in Peking on the 28th inst., when the Provisional Cabinet will hand over to Tuan, who will take the post of Premier, and will assume the functions of President, pending the election of the permanent chief executive.

[FROM THE "DAILY BULLETIN."]

WU PEI-FU AT CHENGCHOW.

HANKOW, November 20th.

Wu Pei Fu departed for Chengchow on Tuesday night.

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE FRENCH MINISTER TO PEKING.

MARSEILLES, November 21st.

M. Martel, the French Minister to Peking, has left for the Far East on board the M.M. liner Andre Lebon.

MISSIONARY CAPTURED BY BRIGANDS.

HANKOW, November 21st.

It is reported that the Rev. A. Ande, a Norwegian Lutheran missionary stationed at Sichuan, Honan, was captured by bandits on the 18th inst.

ANTI-CHINESE RIOTING IN PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

MANILA, November 20th.

There has been anti-Chinese rioting at Losag, Ilocos Norte, an important centre of Chinese retail traders.

The Chinese there have asked for Constabulary protection.

PHILIPPINE TOWN DESTROYED BY FIRE.

MANILA, November 20th.

Lingayen, the capital of Pangasinan, was almost destroyed by fire to-day.

CABLES.

EARLIER CABLES.
[REUTERS' AGENCY.]

THE EGYPTIAN OUTRAGE.
DEATH OF THE SIRDAR.

CAIRO, November 20th.

The Sirdar of Egypt, Major-General Sir Lee Stack, died at midnight.

LATER.

The Sirdar slept calmly under a narcotic administered at ten o'clock in the evening, but a definite decline in his condition began at 11 o'clock, the heart becoming very weak.

The Sirdar expired peacefully at 11.45 p.m.

Prior to the death of the Sirdar an emergency meeting of the British Cabinet was held to consider the situation arising out of the attack.

The meeting lasted nearly two hours.

A despatch from General Allenby was considered and the nature of the protest to be made to the Egyptian Government was discussed.

One paper says an official announcement will probably be made in London and Cairo simultaneously to-day of the action the Government proposes to take. It adds that in official circles in London the opinion is expressed that something beyond a mere verbal protest and the punishment of the criminals, in what was unquestionably a carefully concerted outrage, is necessary, and it is anticipated that strong measures will be taken.

A CHAUFFEUR HERO.

CAIRO, November 21st.

The hero of the tragedy is March, Sir Lee Stuck's chauffeur, who is an Australian, not Egyptian as previously stated. There is general admiration for his coolness in driving his car to the Residency although twice wounded.

He says that the car seemed to be surrounded by gunmen, and shots were coming from the front and rear. He thinks that at least eight men were involved, all of whom were dressed as effendis, with one wearing a false beard.

LATEST CABLES.

SUDAN TO HAVE ITS OWN GOVERNOR.

CAIRO, November 21st.

The newspaper *Ahram* says that the British Government has instructed General Allenby to inform King Fuad and the Egyptian Government of Britain's decision to separate the Governor-Generalship of the Sudan from the Sirdarship.

MORE LABOUR TROUBLE IN AUSTRALIA.

NON-UNION LABOUR BOYCOTTED.

MELBOURNE, November 21st.

Railwaymen and stevedores are refusing to handle cargo, including butter, valued at £150,000, on the peninsulars at Maloja. There is intensified waterside trouble whence, according to a Union official, "anything might eventuate."

The strike aims at the abolition of the Sydney Maritime Bureau, consisting exclusively of ex-Service men, supplying non-union labour.

EARLIER CABLES.

WAR CRIMINALS.

GERMAN GENERAL SENTENCED.

LILLE, November 20th.

One of the so-called "war criminals," the German General von Nathusius, who was sentenced in contumacious to five years' imprisonment after the war on the charge of stealing furniture and articles of clothing from the chateau in which he was billeted during the war, was recently re-arrested when visiting his father's grave at Forbach, and was to-day re-tried by court-martial.

General von Nathusius strenuously denied the charge, but the court decided by a majority of four to three that the accused was guilty, and he was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and ordered to pay the costs of the prosecution.

GERMANY UP IN ARMS.

BERLIN, November 21st.

The whole Press is indignant at the sentence in the Nathusius trial, which is described as a farce, and the sentence as an infamous act of vengeance. Even the moderate *Frankfurter* is most angry, and says that unless the sentence is promptly quashed it will be an incredible disgrace for French Democracy. M. Herriot, and the Cabinet. The Nationalist papers demand German reprisals, and undoubtedly the German Government will take further action, especially as the verdict will be good election propaganda for the Nationalists against the policy of reconciliation with France.

THE OPIUM CONFERENCE AT GENEVA.

COMPLETE AGREEMENT NOT YET REACHED.

GENEVA, November 20th.

The second Opium Conference concluded with a general discussion.

The Canadian delegate declared that Canada was prepared to give her general support to the movement for the limitation and the manufacture of opium derivatives, and also effective control of its import and export.

Mr. Sze (China) pledged China's support to the Conference.

The Egyptian delegate suggested the inclusion of hashish in the list of narcotics.

The Turkish delegate dwelt on the suffering of the Turks from hashish.

Sir M. Delevingne (Great Britain) said that Great Britain was of the opinion that complete elimination was impossible, though limitation of production was possible.

The India delegate accepted the scheme prepared by the advisory committee.

The American delegation submitted a plan with a view to combatting the traffic, after which the meeting adjourned till the afternoon.

LATER.

The resumed Opium Conference listened to addresses from philanthropic societies, largely British and American, and one French and one Chinese, submitting suggestions to combat the use of narcotics.

The Spanish delegate proposed that the Secretariat should distribute information to the delegates of suggestions of private associations.

The Conference adjourned till tomorrow, thus showing that agreement has not yet been reached regarding the Japanese contention, respecting import licences.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.
FOREIGN SECRETARY TO ATTEND COUNCIL MEETING AT ROME.

LONDON, November 20th.

Reuter's Agency is informed that Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, is proceeding to Italy in December as the British representative on the Council of the League of Nations, and thus misses the opening of Parliament.

It is not yet certain whether Mr. Chamberlain will official attend the various meetings of the Council, similarly with Lord Parmoor, who was appointed ad hoc, but it is not impossible that such an appointment will be made.

The British delegation will leave for Rome probably on December 5th.

The presence of the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs further proves the British Government's desire to promote the work of the League to the utmost.

INTERNATIONAL COMBINATIONS.

SOVIET WORKING OUT PLANS.

LONDON, November 20th.

The *Times* correspondent at Riga states that political circles in Moscow are busy working out plans for new international combinations, particularly with regard to France, Japan and China. One group advocates the re-establishing in some form of a Franco-Russian pre-war alliance, while with regard to Far Eastern policy, an article in the *Pravda* says that the immediate need of the Soviet is to regulate her relations with Japan, but the Soviet diplomats insist that Japan should curtail her demands for naphtha concessions, otherwise they refuse to enter into further negotiations and will create a new combination in Asia based on a close military and economic alliance between the Soviet and China, and Japan must understand that such an alliance will menace her schemes unless she takes in this combination.

THE SPANISH WITHDRAWAL IN MOROCCO.

MADRID, November 20th.

General Serrano and the Lieut. Colonel who were mentioned yesterday were killed during the withdrawal from the Shashuan-Tetuan line.

An official communiqué to-day says that General Federico Barezguier was wounded the moment he took over the command from General Serrano, and one Lieut. Colonel was killed, and two Lieut. Colonels were wounded, in addition to a number of officers and soldiers, mostly belonging to the Native Legion.

THE WORLD'S SPORT.

FOOTBALL.

LONDON, November 20th.

The League match between Preston North End and Sunderland resulted in a win for the latter by two goals to one.

RUGBY.

LONDON, November 20th.

At Oxford, the All Blacks defeated Oxford University by 33 points to 15.

CRICKET IN SOUTH AFRICA.

PIETERMARITZBURG, Nov. 20th.

The match between Mr. Joel's team of English cricketers and Natal was drawn.

Mr. Joel's team scored 179 runs. Kennedy compiled 44.

In their second innings the English team scored 108 runs for the loss of five wickets. Ernest Tyldesley scored 40 runs.

Natal scored 202 runs, Taylor compiling 58 runs.

LATEST CABLES.

M.C.C. IN AUSTRALIA.

SYDNEY, November 21st.

In warm weather, before 12,000 people, and on a good wicket, after forty minutes' interruption through rain just after lunch, New South Wales scored 242 for 7 wickets. Bardsley made a magnificent 142 not out, and Taylor scored 51.

LATEST CABLES.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

A VERY HARD CASE.

BIG BOMBS BEATEN BY BATTLESHIP.

NORFOLK, Va., November 21st.

The "uncompleted dreadnought *Washington*, which is being destroyed under the Naval Limitation Treaty, was yesterday given over to 14 inch bombs from the battleship *Texas*, but she is still afloat, and not materially damaged, only dented about the armour. The hull is practically free of water, despite the explosion of underwater charges.

As a test of its resisting powers, the vessel will to-day be aerially attacked by nine bombing aeroplanes, each carrying missiles weighing one to two thousand pounds.

EARLIER CABLES.

LOS ANGELES WATER DISPUTE.

LOS ANGELES, November 20th.

The aqueduct dispute has been settled, following a pledge from the Los Angeles Clearing-House to co-operate with the ranchers' efforts to secure a fair share of water for irrigation purposes.

LATIN AS A LIVING LANGUAGE.

WHERE IT IS USED IN LONDON.

In his address to Convocation recently the Vice-Chancellor of Oxford University (Mr. Joseph Wells, Warden of Wadham) reverted to the custom of speaking in Latin, which had been disused for seven years. The last Vice-Chancellor to address Convocation in Latin was Dr. Blakiston, President of Trinity.

Latin is not quite so dead a language in England as it might be supposed to be. Hundreds of thousands of Roman Catholics, of course, hear it daily or weekly in their churches and educational institutions. By the Act of Uniformity of 1562, Eton, Winchester, and Westminster were allowed to use it in their public services, and to this day Westminster has Latin prayers every day at the end of school, and every third year it has an evening service wholly in Latin in the Abbey—the next will be on November 17th, 1925—in honour of its benefactors. At this service not only are the prayers, the Psalms, and the hymns in Latin, but the head-master reads out in the ancient language the long list of benefactors.

At Oxford, all University business is, as a rule, transacted in Latin, to the astonishment of many visitors, particularly from America. Dr. Farnell, Mr. Wells's predecessor, favoured English for his Convocation address, as did Dr. Strong, the present Bishop of Ripon and Vice-Chancellor, when Dean of Christ Church. At Cambridge, too, Latin is recognised as the official University language; and when another seat of learning celebrates a centenary, or the scientific men of Paris do homage to Pasteur, or the Rockefeller Institute confers some new benediction upon mankind, the address of the University of Cambridge is always in Latin, written by the Public Orator. On the other hand, when the University addresses the Royal Family of Britain, the tradition is that it shall be in English.

AUSTRALIAN-CHINESE TRADE.

TRADE.

"ENORMOUS POSSIBILITIES IN SIGHT."
WHERE AUSTRALIA CAN SUCCESSFULLY COMPETE.

Delivering an address before members of the Queensland Parliament, in the Legislative Council Chamber recently, Mr. Henry H. Cohen, one of the founders of the trade section of the Melbourne Chamber of Commerce, and British representative of that body in Shanghai, declared that there were enormous possibilities for Australian traders in China. A direct and subsidized line of steamships, fitted with insulation space, was one necessity. Another was a co-operative organization in China of Australian trade interests.

Between 30 and 40 members listened to the address, which was an instructive one. Mr. Cohen was well armed with facts and figures, and the fact that his speech lasted only a little over half an hour added to its value.

Mr. Cohen said that trade with the East was of vital importance to Australia—to primary producers, manufacturers, and to the vast body of labour. Under existing conditions Australia could not compete with other nations. For the sake of brevity, Mr. Cohen said he would confine his observations mostly to Shanghai.

"MUCH MISUNDERSTOOD."

China, he said, was much misunderstood in Australia. One of the reasons America had captured the greatest share of Chinese trade was that she allowed the cultured Chinese of the merchant classes to go and leave there without undue restrictions. The same thing applied to the student classes. He was a White Australian and a Protectionist, but he thought the restrictions placed on these classes of Chinese were too harsh. Student classes were not allowed at all, and cultured merchantmen had to pay a poll tax, and have their finger prints taken. He thought this was only a matter of misunderstanding. If Australia expected to secure a large share of Chinese trade there must be reciprocity. To-day Australia imposed excessive duties on goods that could not be grown or manufactured at home.

"China is fast becoming Westernized," continued Mr. Cohen. "The country is in a state of chaos now, but some day some great men will consolidate the disunited forces, and Australia, if she does not establish markets now, will be hopelessly out of it."

SHE WANTS A CAMPAIGN.

Mr. Cohen stated that he had come to Australia to wage a campaign for a shipping subsidy on trade to Shanghai—a subsidy that had been sought for the past four years. The Federal Government had promised that it would subsidize steamers, but had not done so. That Government spoke of the need for immigration. But what was the need of immigration unless overseas markets were established? Mr. Cohen said he felt confident that when he had finished his campaign the Australian people would compel the Federal Government to do its duty to the taxpayers.

On the question of packing and labelling, Mr. Cohen admitted that Australian traders had made mistakes. But it was nonsense to say that those mistakes had been ruinous to Australian trade in China. America had made the same mistakes, but when the United States Government subsidized the shipping her trade leaped ahead in leaps and bounds. The same thing would happen to Australian trade.

A TRADE IN MEAT.

An enormous trade in meat with China could be established in a few years. Speaking of the possibilities in this direction, Mr. Cohen said that in February he had been present at Marshal Chang Tso Lin's manoeuvres in Manchuria. He had been greatly surprised to find that the troops were being fed on meat twice a week. And Chang's was only one army of many.

As showing the rapid rate at which the better class Chinese were becoming Westernized, Mr. Cohen said that a few years ago the European afternoon tea habit was unknown in China. To-day, in all the Treaty ports, it had become the custom. And the Chinese were not only consuming Occidental foods outside their homes, they were also eating them at their own meal tables. And Australia should supply not only a large portion of these edibles, but could sell great quantities of clothing to the Chinese.

SHIPPING THE BULK.

Last year Shanghai had imported 839 tons of dried fruits. Australia's share of that trade was only 34 tons. In hams and bacon Queensland had a ready market—if the shipping facilities were there. A large number of small second rate factories were busy in China, but it was a poor class trade. The better class Chinese and the Europeans would not consume the output. The trade in good class hams and bacon was supplied by Canada, which had made a study of the Chinese market, and which was supplying a seven or eight lb. lean ham. Australian hams were too big. However, she would lose the small trade, she already had if the shipping facilities were not provided.

There was an unlimited market in China for 2 lb. cheeses. He had been impressed by the display at the recent Brisbane Exhibition of this type of cheese, but a big Brisbane exporter had sold him that he did not see how it could be shipped to China profitably. "And last year," said Mr. Cohen, "Shanghai imported from Canada and the United States 21,250,000 worth of cheese."

REBUILT TOKYO.

TO BE MODERN CITY.

[BY HIDEJIRO NAGATA, MAYOR OF TOKYO.]

The official reconstruction programme for Tokyo, which is to be completed in 1938, will constitute merely the foundation for the Greater Tokyo which is our final goal.

The work of reconstruction in all its phases covers a field vastly greater than one on first thought supposes, and it would be impossible to complete it in the brief time many people seem to think should be sufficient for the task. The experts who have the plans in hand must look far into the future in order to avoid mistakes which at later dates could not be rectified. Every step must be taken carefully and with the proper preparation as a guarantee that it is not being taken unwisely.

The construction of new streets is merely one part of the city's work in repairing the earthquake's damage and taking advantage of this opportunity to build a better city on the ruins. There remain the construction of a harbour for Tokyo, canals in the city and to Yokohama, the building of parks, the removal of overhead telephone wires and the laying of a modern sewage system.

The most careful attention is being paid by our engineers to the plans for a city-wide sewage system which will bring sanitation here to a plane comparable with the best anywhere in the world. The new system had already been begun in Shitaya and Asakusa before the earthquake. The installation in Nishi-bashi, Kyobashi, Marunouchi, Kojimachi and Shinjuku will be completed in 1937. The total appropriation for this work is ¥43,500,000.

In addition to this ¥950,000 has been appropriated for general improvement of sanitation. This amount is to provide facilities for the disposal of garbage and similar purposes. The improvement and extension of the water supply system will cost ¥100,000,000.

The municipal transportation system also is to be improved, at a cost of ¥2,400,000.

These are merely examples of the directions in which the work of reconstruction is branching out. It even includes the establishment of employment bureaus, day nurseries, consultation stations and a great number of other agencies of social service. It is difficult to grasp the full extent of the programme which eventually is to be carried out.

Technical difficulties and economic conditions prevailing since the earthquake have served to retard the work to a certain extent, and it has been delayed also by the machinations of persons in powerful positions, who have catered to selfish interests. All the time, however, we are keeping before us the picture of the capital which finally will be built here—a new Tokyo of which all the Japanese nation may be proud.

The problems that confront us in the reconstruction plans, are not only those of to-day, but of to-morrow and fifty and one hundred years from now. If we can lay a proper foundation at this time, then there will be no need for anxiety as to the city's future, as it will develop along the lines which anticipate the future.—Japan.

"LAURENTIC'S" GOLD.

NINETY-NINE PER CENT. RECOVERED.

The return to Portsmouth of his Majesty's salvage vessel *Racer* recently marked the end of the salvage operations which the Admiralty have been carrying out for the past few years on the wreck of the armed liner *Laurentic*. The result of the undertaking, states *Lloyd's List and Shipping and Mercantile Gazette*, has been that over 99 per cent. of the £5,000,000 worth of specie which went down in the ship has been safely recovered to the Treasury. At the beginning of this year there were 164 bars of gold remaining buried in the wreckage, and the salvage vessel *Racer* arrived on the spot in the first days of April for the effort to recover as many of these as possible before finally closing down. At an earlier period of the work all the structure of the ship and wreckage had been removed, right down to the outer skin of the vessel, which formed, as it were, a carpet lying on the sea bed. This carpet had been swept clear of gold, but it was crumpled and torn in many places. In the first month of the present season a number of the bars were obtained by digging out and sifting the boulders and stiff clay where they were exposed at the holes, and as the excavations were deepened and extended so that divers could squeeze themselves right underneath the wreck more gold was discovered several feet from the tears, and beneath continuous plying. A very fine spring and early summer favoured the undertaking, but with the late summer had weather set in, and soon the disturbance of the surrounding wreckage caused stones and shingle to sweep into and over the working place faster than it could be cleared out, and now any gold that is left there is buried several feet deep. The result of the struggle has been the recovery of 152 of the 164 bars, a value of about £2,000,000.

Replying to Mr. J. P. Peterson, Mr. Cohen said that timber could be imported into Australia from Borneo to compete with the American Oregon. He had been informed that there were available soft woods that would make excellent butter boxes.

HEAVY COMMISSION CHARGES.

A question from Mr. Bell elicited the reply that commission charges amounted to about 30 per cent. in China.

Mr. Bedford: That is not peculiar to the Chinese trade. They are rather moderate.

Moving a vote of thanks to Mr. Cohen, the Premier said there seemed to be no earthly reason why Australia should not secure and hold a share of the Chinese trade. If Mr. Cohen awakened interest among Australian producers and manufacturers he would be rendering the country a service.

(Continued on next column.)

Win £5000 for yourself

BY ENTERING THE NEW BLIND BALLOT

Organized by the National Institute for the Blind.
(Registered under the Blind Persons Act 1920)

IN AID OF BLIND CHARITIES THROUGHOUT ENGLAND.

PATRONS:

The Most Noble the Marchioness of Londonderry.
The Most Noble the Marchioness of Linlithgow.
The Rt. Hon. the Earl of Dunraven, K.P., C.M.G.
The Rt. Hon. the Earl of Clarendon, D.L., J.P.
The Rt. Hon. the Countess of Darlington.
The Rt. Hon. the Lord Trevelyan.
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AN INTERNATIONAL FREIGHT CODE.

RECENT DISCUSSIONS IN PARIS.

A FAR-REACHING QUESTIONNAIRE.

A sub-committee appointed by the permanent bureau of the Comité Maritime International met recently in Paris, reports *Lloyd's List*, to consider the question of a draft convention for an international code of freight to be laid before the next conference of the Comité. This Sub-Committee completed its work after three days' sittings, and a detailed questionnaire was prepared.

At the outset, conflicting views were expressed as to the method to be adopted. The sub-committee, as a starting point, had to consider the draft code prepared in London in 1914, but it was soon felt that events had moved rapidly since then and that this valuable document was antiquated. After considerable discussion the sub-committee adopted, with slight alterations, Mr. H. M. Clemenson's motion as follows:

"At the Gothenburg Conference the following resolution was adopted: 'That this Conference is of opinion that the preparing of an International Code of Freight should be proceeded with forthwith; and that a committee be appointed by the Permanent Bureau to prepare a draft for future consideration.' In order to proceed with the work contemplated a sub-committee was appointed which met in Paris on October 1st, 1924. They had before them—

PREVIOUS WORK ON CODES.

"(1) The code prepared by the London Commission of the Comité International in 1914.

"(2) A draft code prepared by committees appointed by the Governments of Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden. The latter document was submitted by gentlemen who are members both of the Scandinavian Committees and this sub-committee. They stated that in preparing their draft they had before them and took into careful consideration the draft of the London Commission.

"(3) Draft codes prepared in various countries, principally in Holland, France and Italy.

"In face of the existence of these codes it was felt by the sub-committee that it would not be desired by the constituents of the Association to increase the number of documents by attempting, at any rate at this stage, the preparation of a new draft, but that it should prepare an accurate English translation of the Scandinavian draft as well as of the other national drafts and circulate it among the national associations, drawing attention also to the 1914 draft, of which an English translation already exists; that the national branches be invited to consider these drafts in advance of the full Committee of Affreightment, which will meet in the first half-year of 1925, and be prepared to express an opinion upon the following questions:—

IS IT PRACTICABLE?

"(1) Whether a general international code is both desirable and practicable.

"(2) If so, whether it should be a code of law or a code such as the York-Antwerp Rules, which should be incorporated in commercial contracts.

"(3) If the answer to the first question is in the negative, whether an attempt should be made to secure greater international uniformity of law by giving attention to particular subjects and framing a short draft convention on those points.

"(4) In that case might the following subjects usefully form the subject of such a draft?—

A DETAILED QUESTIONNAIRE.

The sub-committee then considered various selected questions and elaborated the following detailed questionnaire:—

I.—Carrier's Obligation to put Ship in a Condition of Seaworthiness (to provide seaworthy ship).

Should the provisions of Arts. 3, Sect. 1, and 4, Sect. 1, of the International Convention upon bills of lading be extended to cover contracts of affreightment which are not within the scope of the said convention?

II.—Responsibility of the Shipowner towards Bill of Lading Holders or Subcharterers.

(a) As to the question of unseaworthiness of the ship, the sub-committee has examined the three following ideas: (1) The shipowner incurs no further responsibility when he has once discharged his initial duty in regard to seaworthiness at the commencement of the charter. (2) The shipowner is responsible to holders of bills of lading in respect of unseaworthiness understood in the strict sense of inability to keep the sea. (3) The shipowner is responsible in every case in which the charterer is himself responsible to the holder or the bill of lading. Which of these three views should be adopted? If the responsibility of the shipowner should be preserved, should it be a joint and several responsibility or a responsibility in default on the part of the carrier?

QUESTIONS OF DISTINCTION.

(b) As to the acts of the captain. (1) Is the shipowner responsible for these acts and to what extent? (2) Should there be a distinction between commercial errors and nautical errors? (3) Should there be a distinction according to whether the captain is appointed by the owner or by the charterer, and whether or not the charter amounts to a demise? (4) If distinctions are to be made, how should the provisions of the International Convention be applied as regards the lien upon the ship in respect of claims arising from this bill of lading?

III.—Letters of Guarantee.

Would it be wise to forbid the issue of letters of guarantee or indemnity as, for example, in the terms of Art. 7 of the draft treaty of London? The practice was condemned by a resolution of the International Shipping Conference.

IV.—Through Bill of Lading.

(1) Ought the provisions of Art. 50 of the draft treaty of London to be adopted? In Sect. 2 of Art. 50, the last words, "or the intermediate carrier," should be understood to mean, "or the intermediate carrier whose liability has been already justified."

THE 1924 CONVENTION.

(2) How are the provisions of the International Convention of 1924 on bills of lading likely to operate on through bills of lading, especially when there is different maximum liability in respect of sea and land carriage?

V.—Distance Freight.

(1) Is it possible to regulate the question of distance freight by international convention? (2) If it is possible also to regulate this question, would it be better to keep the draft treaty of London, as far as this subject is concerned, or to make some modifications in the articles of the draft treaty which deal with this subject (Arts. 25 to 34).

VI.—Time Limits.

(1) Ought not Art. 5, Sect. 3, of the International Convention upon bills of lading to be adopted in respect of all actions for loss or damage to goods, and ought not this rule to be preferred to the rule contained in Art. 47 of the draft treaty of London?

(2) Ought period of limitation of actions arising out of carriage by sea to be one year (International Convention of 1924) or two years (Art. 48 of the draft treaty of London), or is there ground for making a distinction between the various kinds of action?

VII.—Lien on Goods.

(1) What are the liens upon goods which the captain ought to have for payment of freight?

(2) What liens should there also be upon the goods in respect of demurrage, contribution in general average, salvage, or for expenses in preserving the goods?

(3) What priority is it possible to make between these different liens?

CONFLICTS OF LAW.

VIII.—The Law Applicable to Contracts of Carriage—Solution of Conflicts of Law.

(a) If no complete international unification of the rules governing the contract of affreightment can be arrived at, may it not be possible to frame an international rule for the purpose of solving conflicts of law in determining the law applicable to any given contract? (b) Should such law be: (1) The law of the ship's flag? (2) The law of the port of embarkation? (3) The law of the port of discharge? (4) Or the *lex loci contractus*?

(c) Would it be possible to adopt a single rule to apply to all matters of conflict, or would it be more suitable to make distinctions between different parts of the contract of carriage?

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KOBE via SHANGHAI & MOJI	HUSANG	Sunday	23rd Nov. 7 a.m.
HAIPHONG via HOIHOW	LEESANG	Sunday	23rd Nov. 10 a.m.
HONGKONG via SWATOW	CHAKSANG	Monday	24th Nov. 10 a.m.
STRATTS & CALUTTA	KUTSANG	Tuesday	25th Nov. 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW & TIENTSIN	WOSANG	Wednesday	26th Nov. 7 a.m.
SEANGHAI via SWATOW	TARSANG	Friday	28th Nov. 7 a.m.
TIENTSIN	CHIPSANG	Saturday	29th Nov. Noon
SEANGHAI via SWATOW	WALSANG	Sunday	30th Nov. 7 a.m.
HAIPHONG via HOIHOW	MINGSANG	Sunday	30th Nov. 10 a.m.
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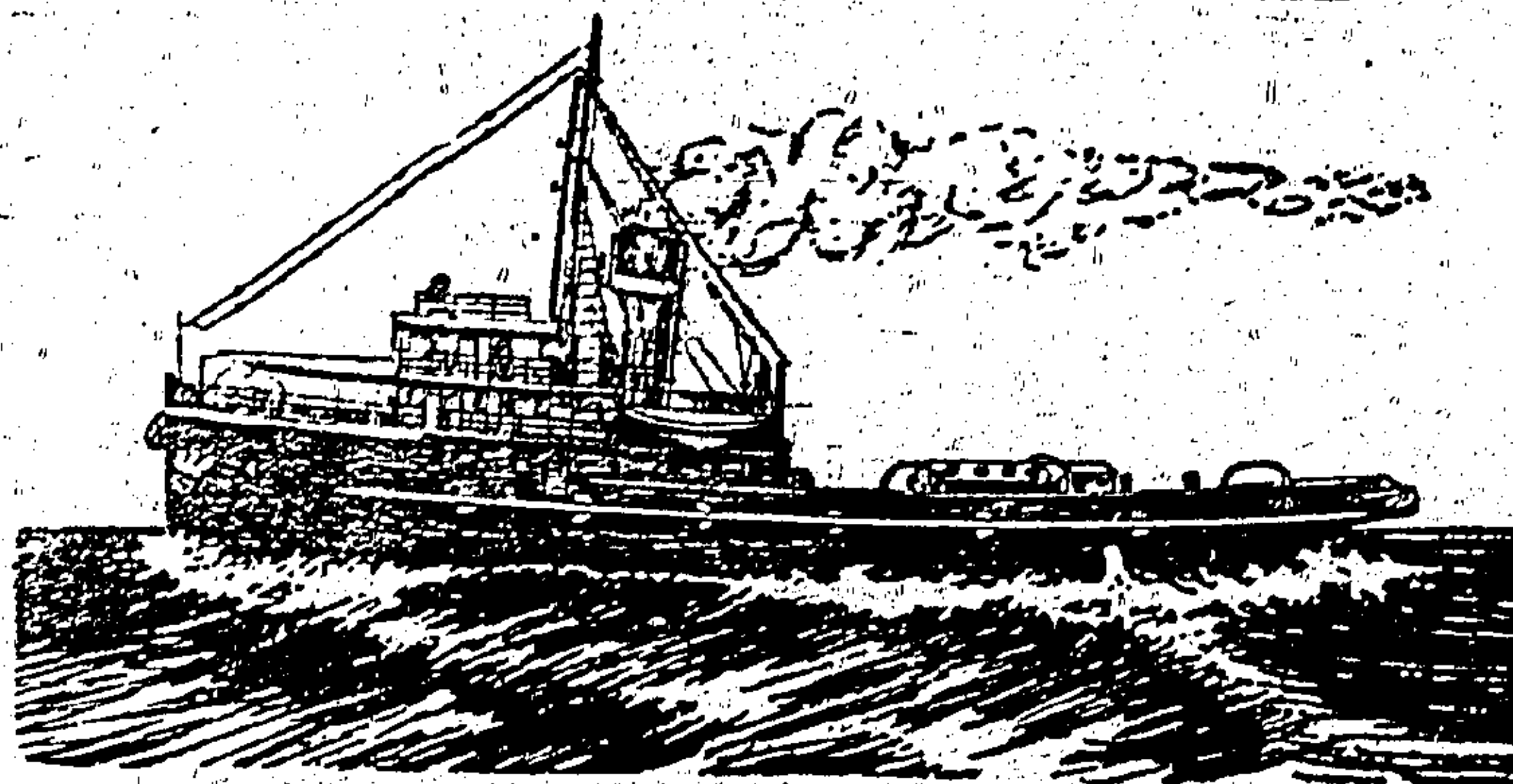


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"MANTUA" 10,902	18th Dec.	18th Dec.	Mars. London & Antwerp.
"BOUDAN" 8,898	24th Dec.	24th Dec.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
"KRIVA" 9,133	27th Dec.	27th Dec.	Mars. London & Antwerp.
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"MACEDONIA" 11,088	10th Jan.	10th Jan.	Mars. London & Antwerp.
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"KALYAN" 10,911	24th Jan.	24th Jan.	Mars. London & Antwerp.
"SARDINIA" 5,684	18th Feb.	18th Feb.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
"KASHMIR" 9,088	21st Feb.	21st Feb.	Mars. London & Antwerp.
"MALWA" 10,941	7th Mar.	7th Mar.	Mars. London & Antwerp.
"BOUDAN" 8,898	18th Mar.	18th Mar.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
"KASHMIR" 9,088	21st Mar.	21st Mar.	Mars. London & Antwerp.
"SICILIA" 9,113	31st Mar.	31st Mar.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
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"SARDINIA" 5,684	24th Jan.	do.
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"MALWA" 10,941	7th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"TAKLIWA" 8,500	7th Feb.	Moji & Kobe.
"KASHMIR" 9,088	21st Feb.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"BOUDAN" 8,898	21st Feb.	do.
"SICILIA" 9,113	7th Mar.	do.
"ARAFURA" 4,000	7th Mar.	Moji & Kobe.
"MANTUA" 10,902	7th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"KARMA" 9,088	21st Mar.	do.
"MACEDONIA" 11,088	21st Mar.	do.
"SARDINIA" 5,684	17th Apr.	do.
"NAGOYA" 6,254	22nd Apr.	do.
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SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SHANTUNG"	On 23rd Nov., 11 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KIANGSU"	On 24th Nov., 11 a.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"KAYING"	On 25th Nov., 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"SHUNING"	On 26th Nov., 5 a.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"TAMING"	On 27th Nov., 10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SZECHUEN"	On 27th Nov., 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"LIANGHOU"	On 28th Nov., Noon
HOIHOW & SINGAPORE	"CHINHUA"	On 30th Nov., 10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SOOCHOW"	On 30th Nov., 11 a.m.
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S.S. "VENEZIA"	...	Sails about 1st Jan., 1925.

HOMEWARD FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

S.S. "DUCHESSA D'AOSTA"	...	Sails about 8th December.
S.S. "NIPPON"	...	Sails about 2nd Jan., 1925.
S.S. "ROSAANDRA"	...	Sails about 7th Jan., 1925.
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